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Final Plans For Transfer Of Power

Viceroy Presents Leaders With Draft Of Amending Bill

NEW DELHI, July. 1 (API): The Viceroy Lord Mountbatten today presented the Indian political leaders with the draft of the Amending Bill to the Government of India Act which will be presented to Parliament early next week. Mahatma Gandhi also called on the Viceroy and was shown the copy of the draft bill.

Other leaders who met the Viceroy in the same connection were Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and Sir B. N. Rau, Adviser to the President of the Constituent Assembly.

The draft amendments were received in India some ten days ago and Sir George Spence, Secretary of the Legislative Department and Mr. V. P. Menon, Reforms Commissioner, studied the amendments and from time to time and changes in the Bill were suggested to H.M.G. The final picture emerged from these discussions last week-end, and the leaders were apprised of the text to-day.

Members of the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine hearing evidence.

Interim Arrangement For Indian Army

Jt. Defence Council To Administer Pending Division

NEW DELHI, July 1 (API): With effect from Aug. 15 until the partition of the armed forces is complete, the existing C.-in-C. will be known as the "Supreme Commander". He will have no operational control over any units nor any power to move troops within the borders of either dominion.

The armed forces as a whole will, for the present, remain under the administrative control of the present C.-in-C. in India, who in his turn will be under a Joint Defence Council which is to be set up consisting of the Governor-General or Governors-General; the two defence Ministers and the C.-in-C., India.

The partition Council at its meeting yesterday decided on the general principles which should govern the constitution of the armed forces. It was decided that for he present all the existing armed forces in India will be under a single administrative control until they have been finally sorted out into two distinct forces and the two Governments are in a position to administer, pay feed, clothe and equip their respective forces.

It was also decided that the Union of India and Pakistan should select forthwith heads of their armed forces and that they should have authority to begin setting up their headquarters so as to be ready to take over command by August 15.

The Partition Council also decided to set up forthwith an Armed Forces Constitution Committee under the Chairmanship of the C.-in-C. and the sub-committees to deal with the partition of the army, navy and air forces.

FULL TEXT OF COMMUNIQUE

A communique issued from the Viceroy's House says:—

(1) The Partition Council met yesterday morning, the 30th June, under the Chairmanship of the Viceroy to consider the reconstitution of the armed forces.

The Hon. Sardar Patel and the Hon. Dr. Rajendra Prasad represented Congress and Mr. Jinnah and the Hon. Liquat Ali Khan represented the Muslim League. The Hon. the Defence Member, Sardar Baldev Singh, H. E. the C.-in-C. in India, Field Marshal Sir Claude Auchinleck and Lord Ismay were present, H. E. Sir Chandulal Trivedi, the Governor of Orissa, in view of his great experience as Secretary of the Defence Department during the war, was also present and has agreed to be available as an expert consultant in future discussions.

(2) The Partition Council decided that the following general principles should govern the reconstitution of the armed forces:

(I) It is essential that the Union of India and Pakistan should have each, within their own territories, forces which:

(A) Are with effect from the 15th August under their own operational control:

(B) Are on the 15th August predominantly composed of non-Muslims and Muslims respectively; and

(C) Are as soon as possible after the 15th August reconstituted predominantly on a territorial basis.

(II) The heads of the navy, army and air forces of the Union of India and of Pakistan should be selected forthwith and should have authority to begin setting up their Headquarters so as to be ready to take over command by 15th August 1947. The heads of these services will be directly responsible to their respective ministries through their Defence Members, and will have executive control of all the forces in their territories.

(III) All the existing armed forces in India will be under a single administrative control until

(a) they have been finally sorted out into two distinct forces; and

(b) the two Governments are in a position to administer, i.e., to pay, feed, clothe, and equip their respective forces.

(IV) Accordingly, the Indian armed forces as a whole will, for the present, remain under the administrative control of the present C.-in-C. in India, who in his turn will be under the Joint Defence Council. This Council will consist of:—

(a) The Governor-General or Governors-General;

(b) The two Defence Ministers; and

(c) The C.-in-C., India.

Each of the two Defence Ministers will have a right to be accompanied to the meetings of the Joint Defence Council by one other Minister and experts.

C.-in-C. TO BE SUPREME COMMANDER

(V) In order to avoid confusion, the existing C.-in-C. will be entitled "Supreme Commander", with effect from 15th August, until his work is completed. He will have no responsibility for law and order, nor will he have operational control over any units, save those in transit from one dominion to another; nor will he have any power to move troops within the borders of either dominion. His existing staff would, of course, be reduced progressively as his functions diminish.

TWO STAGES IN PARTITION

(VI) The partition of the armed forces will be in two stages:—

(a) The first stage will be a more or less rough and ready division of the existing forces on a communal basis. Plans should be made forthwith for the immediate movement to the Pakistan area of all Muslim majority units that may be outside that area, and similarly for the movement to India of all exclusive non-Muslim or non-Muslim majority units at present in the Pakistan area.

(b) The next stage would be to comb out the units themselves on the cases of voluntary transfer. To this, however, there would be one exception, namely, that a Muslim from Pakistan now serving in the armed forces would not have the option to join the armed forces of the Indian Union, and similarly a non-Muslim from the rest of India now serving in the armed forces would not have the option to join the armed forces of Pakistan. There would, however, be no objection to a non-Muslim personnel from Pakistan and Muslim personnel from the rest of India electing to serve in the armed forces of the Indian Union and of Pakistan respectively.

(c) While this reconstitution is being carried out, arrangements should be put in train to ensure that each dominion shall have as soon as possible its own administrative machinery to enable it to maintain its own armed forces. It is not until these two processes have been completed that central administrative control can be dispensed with. Every effort should be made not only to complete the reconstitution of units, but also to provide each dominion with its own administrative and maintenance services for its own armed forces by the 1st April 1948, thus making it possible to dispense with central administrative control by that date. This of course does not preclude arrangements or

(Continued On Page 5)

GUJARAT STATES' S.O.S. TO VICEROY?

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, July 1.

It is reliably learnt that several States of Gujerat and Kathiawar have written confidential letters to the Viceroy demanding protection as there is danger to peace and tranquility due to threatened internal civil strife. They will, at a later stage ask for help from Indian Union.

Indonesian Crisis

Leaders' Coalition Cabinet Mission Fails

BATAVIA, July 1. (Reuter): The Indonesian Republican radio at Jogjakarta in Java announced to-night that the four political leaders charged by the Republican President, Dr. Soekarno, with the formation of a Coalition Cabinet had been unable to do so and had returned the mandate.

Dr. Soekarno will announce his further decision to-morrow, it was added.

The four leaders are Dr. Amir Sjariffuddin (Left-Wing Group), Dr. Mohamed Sukiman (Indonesian Muslim Party), Mr. K. A. Gani (Nationalist) and Mr. Sjahrir (Indonesian Labour Party).

The radio announcement caused surprise, as it had been stated earlier this evening that the new Cabinet would be disclosed to-night.

The failure heightens the crisis in Dutch-Indonesian relations as the Dutch authorities were expecting a reply by midday to-morrow to the latest notice which Dr. Hubertus Van Mook, the Dutch Lieutenant Governor-General handed to the Republican Government on Sunday.

IS IT INDONESIAN WAR AGAIN?

BATAVIA, July 1 (Reuter): The Indonesian Republican Army Commander at Jogjakarta has ordered the concentration of all civil and departmental motor vehicles in the city tomorrow in preparation for their mobilisation.

Capt. Sen Gupta, of the Government of India Office in Batavia, has arrived in Jogjakarta to arrange for the evacuation of the officers of the Indian Food Ministry who have been supervising rice shipments for India. The Dutch army has been advised of the evacuation.

TWO ALTERNATIVES BEFORE INDIAN STATES

Participation In Consembly Or Control By Centre Imperative, Says Nehru

NEW DELHI, July 1, (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Vice-President of the Interim Government and Member of External Affairs reiterated today that there could only be two alternatives before an Indian State—either to enter the Indian Union and participate on an equal footing on the Union Constituent Assembly or to accept a position in which the Central power must exercise some authority over it.

Pandit Nehru, who was inaugurating the Delhi Provincial Political Conference, hoped that most of the states would join the Union but, he said some had raised the standard of independence. Although he knew what would eventually happen to the states, there was some anxiety as to what would happen in the next two or three months. None of them could be independent but in this transitional stage, such obstacles were a nuisance.

The policy followed by the British towards the states, particularly within the last seventeen years or so aimed at seperating them from India, so that in the last nine months since Congress had accepted office in the Government of India, the Interim Government had no power over Indian States. Last year the British announced that paramountcy would end and that power would revert back to the rulers. He felt that that was a very wrong step but he did not wish to argue about it.

TWO ALTERNATIVES.

The result of British statements regarding states was that legally speaking there was a vacuum in which the states fell but that would be handled. There could be only two alternatives before the states. They could join the Indian Union and participate on an equal footing in the Union Constituent Assembly, in which case no question of paramountcy arose. But if some states could not accept the invitation extended to them it was evident that when there was one strong Government in India, it could not tolerate small parts of India having independent relations with foreign powers, as that might endanger the security of the country. This was not a legal question. It was a question of facts. The relations between the East India Company and the states, for example, showed that one strong power could not tolerate any challenge by another power in India. The Central power must exercise some authority over any state and if that state challenged it it must face the central power. In the final analysis, what would prevail in the new age in India would be the will of the people. He hoped that this would be achieved by constitutional methods. No state that wished to remain independent could do more than annoy the Indian Union. "We are not interested in imposing anything on them", said Pandit Nehru. "We are inviting them to be our equal partners."

LABOUR UNREST

Referring to labour unrest, Pandit Nehru said that there was a grievance about retrenchment. If we spent half our income on Government employees, what would be left for maintaining the army, which was necessary to meet external dangers and for internal security? In addition we should have hospitals and other amenities for the people and, above all, money for executing planing on a big scale.

There had been strikes and he was sure that there had been grievances in every case. But to-day, when there was a shortage of goods, cloth, for example, strikes merely aggravated the shortage.

Pandit Nehru stressed the need for a strong Government in the Indian Union after August 15, a Government which could keep the peace. If we could not do that, our plans for reforms under the new constitution could not be executed.

COMMUNAL RIOTS

Referring to communal riots in India, Pandit Nehru said that these troubles were due to the fact that our strength had not yet been sufficient to replace the dwindling British power.

NEED FOR STRONG DISCIPLINE

To-day, said Pandit Nehru, the country had strength but there was great indiscipline. Every one was pulling in different directions. The Interim Government had had many troubles in the last nine months and he would not like even an enemy of his to be in the chairs of office under such conditions. These difficulties could only be faced if they were concious that the people were willing to share their burden.

Pakistan was a grievous wound but it left the greater part of India, which could be strong and united. We had been weakened by the secession but we must do nothing to increase that weakness.

VIJAYALAKSHMI'S HOPES

Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, Indian Ambassador-Designate to the U.S.S.R., said that her standing in the U.S.S.R. and the work that she could do would depend upon the strength and power of the Indian people and that she would be judged not as an individual, but as the representative of her country.

CONTROL OVER CONGRESS

Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, in his Presidential address, said that the Congress must decide whom it would represent—the peasants and workers or zamindars and millionaire. One could not benefit both the worker and the zamindar at one and the same time.

Referring to communal riots Mr. Jai Prakash said that the road to revenge had no end. Its only result would be that the British or some other power would again enslave the country and the world would say that we were barbarians unable to govern ourselves.

Earlier in the day Mrs. Asaf Ali hoisted the Congress flag. Smt. Mridula Sarabhai presided over the meeting of the Subjects Committee.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.
New York, July 1.

Previous closing	32.79
To-day's opening	32.58
Difference	—.21
To-day's closing	32.44
Difference	—.35

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
New York, July 1.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining 34 3/8
General Motors 58 5/8
United States Steel Common 66 1/2
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

HOPES OF RAINS FOR BOMBAY

BOMBAY, July 1. (A.P.I.): The Meteriological Office at Santa Cruz reported to-night that the depression from the Bay of Bengal was centred near Umaria, in East Central India and that it was likely to move west north-westerly direction. Present indications are that it will bring active monsoon in the whole Bombay Province, including Khandesh, Gujarat and East Kathiawar during the next forty-eight hours. The city of Bombay is also likely to experience rainy weather with occasional heavy showers.

KHAKSARS WAIT ON MAHATMA

NEW DELHI, July 1 (A.P.I.): A deputation of Khaksars met Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon for about an hour in connection with the police firing on a Khaksar procession in Patna on June 10 in which five Khaksars were reported to have been killed and several others injured.

The deputationists, it is learnt, demanded that the Bihar Government should pay a compensation of Rs. 20,000 for each loss of life and that all the Khaksars who were arrested on that occasion be released.

Mahatma Gandhi is reported to have assured the deputationists that he would request the Bihar Government to consider the matter.

The deputation recently met Pandit Nehru in this connection, it is learnt.

SIKH DEPUTATION.

A Sikh deputation waited on Mahatma Gandhi at the Bhangi Colony to-day.

The Deputationists, it is learnt, told Mahatma Gandhi that the June 3 plan had provided no concession for the Sikhs. They expressed their apprehension that without a homeland the Sikhs would not be able to retain their culture and integrity.

Mahatma Gandhi gave them a patient hearing.

CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER CALLS ON GANDHIJI

NEW DELHI, July 1, (A.P.I.): Mr. J. D. Kearney, Canadian High Commissioner in India called on Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas and Mr. Birla also called on Mahatma Gandhi

THE BACKBONE OF BR. CRICKET

Special Feature By Bill Edrich

INSIDE

U.S. To Import 35,000 Jews To Palestine

PHILADEPHIA, July 1 (Reuter): Ex-Senator Guy Gillete told the American League for a free Palestine yesterday that plans were being made to send 35,000 Jewish immigrants into Palestine in a convoy of small ships before November. He added this scheme was being adopted "because it will be hard for the British to intercept the ships."

BRITAIN REJECTS POSTPONEMENT OF EXECUTION OF TERRORISTS

LONDON, July 1 (A.P.A.): The British Government rejected to-day a move by the United Nations Special Committee on Palestine to halt the execution of three Irgun Zvai Leumi members convicted of terrorism.

NEW APPOINTMENT OF PUBLIC RELATIONS OFFICER IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, July 1 (Reuter): Dr. Anup Singh has been appointed Public Relations Officer at the Indian Embassy, replacing Mr. J. Natarajan, it was announced to-day.

Dr. Singh, who took charge to-day, comes from Amritsar District in the Punjab and has been in the United States for many years. He is one of the founders of the India League of America.

New Import Policy Of Govt. Of India

Partition Of Country Will Not Affect It

NEW DELHI, July 1 (A.P.I.): The division of the country will not materially affect the Government of India's new import policy which comes into effect to-day, it is generally expected here.

The Governments of India and Pakistan will, it is learnt, come to a standstill agreement with regard to customs, tariffs and imports, covering a considerable length of time. Any other course, it is pointed out, would detrimentally affect the economies of both the dominions. In this connection, it is recalled that Burma and India continued to follow the same policy in regard to these matters for five years after separation.

The new import policy of the Government of India was promulgated with the avowed purpose of restricting imports of luxury articles and conserving India's foreign exchange resources. The result of this policy, announced last month, will be to curtail sharply the supply of foreign goods, such as cigarettes, liquor, tooth paste, toilet goods and other 'luxury' articles. It will not, however, restrict imports of essential goods for the industrial development of the country.

EFFECTS OF DOLLAR CRISIS

While the effects on India of the threatened dollar crisis are still hypothetical, financial circles feel that it will affect the country only indirectly as India is short of all foreign exchange. From the beginning of the war up to 31st March 1946, it is pointed out India had earned 405 crores worth of U. S. dollars and spent 240 crores having a surplus of 165 crores. But in addition she had a net expenditure of 41 crores of other hard currencies namely those of Canada, Sweden, Switzerland and Portugal. India's net contribution to the dollar pool therefore was about 114 crores till the close of 1945 to 1946. This is exclusive of the 40 million dollars allotted to India for post-war development. India's balance in the pool has fallen since then. If the dollar crisis leads to a contraction of world trade, India will be affected as much as any other country, no more and no less: in fact, if anything, less, as so far India has had a favourable balance of trade with the U.S.A. and her dollar requirements have been largely met out of her current dollar earnings. Unless and until this position is altered, India will not be materially affected.

BEARING ON STERLING BALANCE PROBLEM

Indirectly, a dollar crisis may have a bearing on India's sterling balance problem. The British Government have always put forward the plea that releases from her sterling balances, which after the 15th of July must be multilaterally convertible, must be governed by consideration of Britain's dollar liability. This argument may be repeated with greater emphasis in case of a dollar shortage.

Indian financial circles, however, discountenance the force of this argument. India has an unfavourable balance of trade with the U. K. and certainly her current sterling earnings and probably part of the sterling balance releases will have to be used to make up the deficit. The liability of the U. K. for dollars will, therefore, be diminished to that extent.

NEED FOR EXTENSION OF MARSHALL PLAN

The one concrete reaction to the whole dollar question is that there is no apparent reason why the Marshall Plan should not apply to Asia as well as to Europe. This plan is regarded as proof of the fact that the U.S.A. herself realises the dangers of flooding world markets without balancing her exports with imports and it is hoped that the U.S.A. will be able to put the Marshall Plan into effect in Europe and extend its application to India and other parts of Asia which are in just as great need of rehabilitation as Europe.

WOMAN ENDS LIFE WITH THREE CHILDREN

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, July 1.

Acute shortage of food is felt in the Padra Taluka of Baroda State. In a village, Sadra, one woman after fasting for three days ended her life by drowning herself with her three children in a well. She had got tired of life due to the agony of hunger.

Railway Board Can't Go Further

Reply To Railwaymen's Federation

NEW DELHI, July 1, (A.P.I.): The impossibility of the Railway Board to go beyond the recommendations of the Pay Commission as accepted by the Government of India in their communique of May 2 is understood to have been conveyed to a delegation of the Negotiating Committee of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation which led by its President Mr. Jai Prakash Narain met the Railway Board today.

After prolonged discussions, the Railway Board replying to the various demands of the Federation delegation is believed to have categorically expressed that no further hopes beyond the recommendations of the Pay Commission could be entertained by the railwaymen in regard to their dearness allowance. This implied the withdrawal of the grain shop allowance and its replacement by cash allowance as recommended by the Commission.

With regard to the fixation of pay, the Board is understood to have agreed to convey the views of the Federation to the appropriate authorities and assured them of their anxiety to reach quick decisions.

The result of this afternoon's conference with the Railway Board will be reported to the Negotiating Committee which meets here late tonight, it is learned.

The Railway Member, Dr. John Matthai, met the delegation informally.

Ambedkar For Consembly By-election Seat

BOMBAY, July 1. (A.P.I.): The Bombay Legislature Congress Party has decided to nominate Dr. B. R. Ambedkar in the by-election, to be held on July 22, to fill the vacancy caused in the Constituent Assembly by the resignation of Dr. M. R. Jayakar.

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CYRIL WASHBROOK CUTS A LOOSE ONE

C. Washbrook, famous Lancashire cricketer who opens for England cuts a ball to backward point. His polish and style bespeak the worth and value of professional training.

The Professionals: Backbone Of British Cricket

By BILL EDRICH

Shine or rain, whether the old dame of fortune smiles or scowls, the standard of English Cricket has ever been high.

And the men on whose shoulders the citadel of class rests are the professionals and in this article Edrich who has been through the mill himself writes (appreciative in retrospect!) of the advantages of the 'colt culture' schemes undertaken in the counties.

Perhaps this article could be construed as a pointer to the high-road for the betterment of Indian cricket too!

LONDON.

I have just advised a boy of 17 to try his luck as a professional cricketer and I want to tell you why. First of all he looks a very good player—a slow left arm bowler and a fairish bat; secondly, the County he is going to is a good one and will look after his interests as well as their own; and thirdly, he has no other job in view with better prospects.

It is no use my suggesting that whole time cricket is the perfect life and that every lad who has the opportunity should jump into it. Personally, I have never regretted by decision to take my chance in it. Nor do I think Denis Compton, Cyril Washbrook, Len Hutton, Eric Hollies or a host of other Test players have regretted theirs. But we have been the lucky ones. Success has come our way. We have got to the top of our particular branch of life and that, whatever job you do, is very sweet indeed.

The Unhappy Men

But for every one who reaches the England team there are dozens of players who don't. There are the regular, good, County players who get their 1,000 runs or 100 wickets, give good value to their clubs, hold a regular place in their first teams, and are thoroughly happy in doing so.

There are also the other boys—the considerable company who are not quite "there" and who always seem to be in and out of the first eleven. They are full time professionals, trying hard, but not yet established, not on maximum pay and, worst of all, not sure of their future in the game. They, I think, are the unhappy men of cricket. Just as their like—the in-between, the not-quite-good-enoughs—are the disappointed ones of any profession.

Get On Or Get Out

It is easy to appreciate, therefore, that cricket as a career is not a complete bed of roses and the initial decision of any young man who decides to try it is not always an easy one. He knows from the start that he must succeed reasonably well or get out. I think one of the saddest features of English cricket is the unfortunate tendency for too many players to stick to the game after it is apparent that they can never become really successful.

It is better by far to get out as soon as the red light appears, to cut ones losses and miseries, and take up another line. And any youngster starting out would be well advised to make that his first promise to himself.

But supposing our young player decides to take the plunge—what happens? Reducing the answer to its simplest terms—he is then taught the trade of cricket. He attends the county ground every day, bats and bowls under the watchful eye of an experienced coach, and, over a period of three, four, or five years, he learns his business.

Many people underestimate the amount of training needed to produce a first class player. And, very often and understandably, perhaps, the player himself becomes impatient and worries about "being kept back."

But, having been through the mill and had time to look back, I appreciate the position better now than I ever did when the same thing was happening to me. A coach can help to develop strokes quickly and can help a bowler to improve his style and effectiveness but the sharpening of the mental processes—the quick appreciation of what an opposition bowler or batsman is doing to beat you—takes a longer time and is by far the most important thing.

Brain And Brawn

Too often in the past, I have felt, the teachers of cricket have neglected the development of the mind of the student and concentrated too much on the purely physical features of batting, bowling and fielding. Much better and quicker results could be obtained by greater attention to a sounder balance in these matters.

During his training period the young player will probably be on an agreement giving him a salary of £200 to £300 a year with additional pay if he plays in matches. A regular first teamer these days can expect to earn between £600 and £800 during an English summer and he is perfectly free to take up any winter job he likes.

The playing life is limited, of course and few players can expect to be successful after the age of 45. Men like Tom Goddard of Gloucestershire and Johnny Clay of Glamorgan make a mockery of such a statement but they are the exceptions who appear only once in a while to make their own rules of life and living. Most clubs these days award a benefit after 10 to 15 years of playing service and a player can usually expect a capital sum of £1,000 to £4,000 from that.

After retirement the resourceful man has several avenues open to him—coaching at schools or abroad, welfare work, umpiring (which is a highly skilled job only thoroughly mastered by men who have known first class cricket intimately) or private business. Striking a balance, therefore, I think it fair to suggest that the game is reasonably well paid and the life is a good one.

"I Was Mad Keen"

Maybe I am prejudiced a little in this because my own experience has been so pleasant. I never had the early doubts which assail so many other young fellows. I was mad-keen on the game and determined to make it my career. It wasn't all honey, of course. I went through all the qualms and quivers of wondering whether I would make the grade and there were times when I felt like packing in. But I didn't. I pressed on, as we said later in the R.A.F., and my life has been a series of wonderful experiences as a result.

I have toured India, Australia and South Africa and have enjoyed every minute of it. In all those places I have received boundless hospitality, made many great friends, and had experiences which would never have come my way but for cricket. My three brothers are also in the game so how can I argue that it is anything but a very fine life?

Summing all this up, therefore, I recommend any boy with a very good job—a profession or a reasonable assurance of interesting work which will give him more than £500 a year—to stick to it. If he hasn't that sort of work, has cricket ability, is keen to have a go and gets a chance, I say go into it with enthusiasm. Don't expect anything without hard work or without risk of failure—few things worth achieving are ever free of these things—and always aim for the top. When you get there it is a great life.

Heinrich Shield Football

FIRESTONE ROUTED

Trades In Scoring Mood

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Trades	6
Firestone	0

The replayed first round tie between Trades and Firestone S.C. failed to produce the standard of play that might have been anticipated in some quarters unaware of the conditions under which the first match was drawn.

Rashed in the pivotal position made much difference or did the welcome return to form of Bhimrao on the winners' right wing. For one thing Trades seldom take an opposition lightly twice and for another the return of their regular players to their ranks gave Trades the appearance of formidability which was amply proved by the score at the end of the match, which although big, might have been improved but for the apparant frivolity of the winners' forwards during the second half when at least three clear chances of scoring were fluited with.

Probably the most gladdening feature of the match was the impressive display of Bhimrao who played better than he has played for a couple of seasons. Strangely enough on a heavier outfield his speed had improved as had his ball control which often enabled him to dodge more than one defender. The sixth goal of the match was credited to the name of Dhakuram who converted a penalty awarded as the result of Bhimrao being spoiled in penalty area. But virtually it was certainly Bhimrao's who could have passed the ball almost at will to ensure a goal. On at least two other occasions his grand centres were frithered away by Thomas who had earlier scored a hat-trick and as a consequence lost his seriousness. The second of the first three goals that Thomas headed in was the result of Bhimrao's excellant centre from the side lines.

Sarab was also seen to advantage and with Rashad produced sound and constructive football. The former scored the fourth goal of the match, the first after the restart. The fifth was in the nature of a gift to the winners. Dhakuram found himself in possession of the ball some 20 yards from the goal and custodian Mr. Gready wrongly anticipating a pass rushed out only to be beaten by Dhakuram's direct kick.

Firestones had at least one clear chance of reducing the margin. Samuel not more than three yards from the goal failed to aim accurately. Apart from this they were seldom in the picture. The losses, however, appear to be a decent side with possibilities, but even certainly out of their depth this evening.

THE TEAMS:

Trades: Saujiva; Manuel and Rathnam; Swarna, Rashad and Govind; Bhimrao, Parab, Raymond, Thomas and Dhakuram.

Firestone: Mr. Gready; Solomon and Vasant; Aziz, Britto and Fernandes; Michael, Samuel, Susebro, Roberts and Salvador.

Refree: Capt. Panton.

Wednesday's match at 5-45 p.m. R.A.F. vs. Somersets.

Georgian Cup Soccer

The Georgian Cup Football Tournament, for Scheduled Caste teams, commences at the St. Xavier's ground, Parel, on July 13. Entries close on July 10 and may be sent to Jos. Gonsalves, Cordeiro House, Parel.

Women's Javelin Record Broken

VIENNA, June 30.

Herma Bauma of Austria beat world women's javelin record with 48.21 metres during match at Vienna Stadium where Austrian women beat Hungarian women by 63 points to 73.

The previous record was 47.24 metres by Anneli Steinheurer of Germany in 1942.—Reuter.

Junior Harwood League

The following are the results of soccer matches played in the Junior Harwood Football League, at the St. Xavier's, Parel, G.I.P. Parel, and Parsee Cyclists ground, this evening.

Division II: Somersets "B" 8 (Winby 4, Pearson 2 and Nicholls 2), Lever SC 3 (J. Ferandes 2 and Shiraz).

Division III. Asbestos Cement FC 2 (Kamble and Sakaram), Alcock Ashdown SC 0; Bombay Port Trust 2 (Crasto and D'Cunha), Telephone Club 0.

Division V: St. Mary's HS 3 (Jackson 2 and Abraham) St. Stanislaus HS 1 (Bruno D'Souza); Antonio D'Souza HS 3 (F. D'Souza 2 and F. Fernandes), St. Sebastian's HS 1 (Limharel).

SWEDISH TENNIS STARS FOR INDIA

WIMBLEDON June 30.

The Swedish Davis Cup pair Lennart Lergelin and Torsten Johansson to-day learnt that permission had been granted them by the Swedish Lawn Tennis Association to make a two months' tour of India in December.—Reuter.

Colaba Blue Stars In Drawn Match

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Colaba Blue Stars were concerned in a drawn match with Dawn United in the Turner Memorial Tournament for juniors. Each side scored once.

Wednesday's matches: At 3-15 p.m. Daudi United vs Colaba Blue Stars, at 4-30 p.m. Lucky Stars vs Bombay Blues.

HAWAII TO BE 49th STATE OF U. S. A.

WASHINGTON, June 30, (Reuter): The House of Representatives today passed a bill to make the Hawaii Islands the forty-ninth state of the United States.

The bill now goes before the senate. Arizona the forty-eighth state, was the last to be admitted to the Union.

The vote was 196 to 133. Opponents of the bill in a lively debate objected to Hawaii's admission because of its distance from the mainland and its mixed racial population.

INTERNATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LTD. AHMEDABAD.

SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING APPROVES OF REDUCTION OF CAPITAL

An extra-ordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of the International Bank of India, Ltd was held at the Registered Office of the Company at "Cotton Exchange Building" Richey Road, Ahmedabad on Saturday the 28th June, 1947, at 3 p.m.

The meeting was well attended and among those present were Mr. Jwaladutt R. Pilani, Mr Sankalchand G Shah, B.A., LL.B, Sheth Maneklal Manilal Ranchhoddas, Mr. Begraj Gupta, Mr. Vasudeo J. Pilani Sheth Chunilal Khushaldas Patell, Mr. Dayalji Girdhar, Mr. Indrajit L. Mehta, Mr. Chandmal J. Bandi, Mr Natwarlal Thakardas, Mr. L. S. Kapil, Mr. Dayaram Maganlal Thakkar and Ruby Trading Company Ltd.

Mr. Jwaladutt R. Pilani, Chairman, occupied the chair.

The Notice convening the Extra-ordinary Meeting of the shareholders was read by Mr. A. V. Ramachandran Board Secretary.

GOVT OF INDIA'S ORDERS

Mr. Jwaladutt R. Pilani, Chairman then made the following speech explaining the position of the Bank:—

"Gentlemen:—As you know this meeting has been called for considering and if thought fit, for passing the resolution as mentioned in the Notice circulated to you. The main object of the Directors in calling this meeting is to consider the position resulting from the order passed by the Government of India prohibiting the Bank from accepting fresh deposits and removing it from the list of Scheduled Banks. As you know the ban was imposed in June, 1946 as a result of the recommendations made by the Reserve Bank of India to the Government of India after investigations which were carried on by its officers specially appointed for the purpose. I am not divulging any secrets if I tell you that the Reserve Bank officers estimated "advances made without due regard to the Depositors' interest and prospects of realisation" of your Bank at Rs. 62,26,518-1-0. The extract of the Reserve Bank's report has been published in the Gazette of India dated the 21st September, 1946.

"Ever since the orders were passed by the Government of India your Directors have been trying their level best to have such orders rescinded. So far they have not met with any success. But, if your Directors are able to convince the Reserve Bank authorities that the present position of the Bank is sound and the Depositors' and shareholders' moneys are safe, the Reserve Bank of India may recommend to the Government to rescind the orders passed by the Government of India in June 1946".

"After the present Board of Directors took over the charge they have recovered Rs. 46,56,630-10-1 out of Rs. 62,26,518-1-0 which were then considered as "without due regard to the depositors' interest and prospects of realisation".

"I give you the figures of advances on 28/6/46 and on 25/6/1947:—On 28/6/46: Rs. 94,46,159-5-3. On 25/6/47: Rs. 28,30,168-11-11. Recoveries between the period 28/6/46 and 25/6/47 out of the advances as on 28/6/46 "i.e. 66,15,990-9-4.

"During the period, your Directors, after 30th June, 1946, have invested the available moneys in various ways and have obtained a substantial amount by way of interest and profits. It may be mentioned for your information that whatever advances were made by the present Directors, the same have been repaid to the Bank with interest on due dates. There has been no loss either of capital or of interest in any of the advances made by the present Board of Directors.

"The outstandings of the Bank relate to the period before the present Directors took charge and they are making their best efforts to recover the same and several suits have been filed for the purpose.

"I may assure you that the interest of your Bank have always been and will continue to be dear to the hearts of not only myself, but to the other colleagues of mine on the Board".

Mr. Vasudeo J. Pilani then moved the Resolution for reducing the capital of the Company from Rs. 1,01,00,000 divided into 99,500 ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each on which Rs. 50 are paid up per share and 1,500 ordinary shares issued as fully paid up in terms of the deferred shares conversion scheme to Rs. 30,75,000 divided into 99,500 shares of Rs. 30 each and 1,500 ordinary shares of Rs. 60 each, such reduction being effected by reducing the nominal amount of the ordinary shares from Rs. 100 to Rs. 30 each on 99,500 shares (which are partly paid up as aforesaid) and extinguishing the liability in respect of uncalled capital on the said ordinary shares to the extent of Rs. 50 per share and returning to the holders of the said 99,500 ordinary shares a sum of Rs. 20 per share and returning to the holders of the said 1,500 ordinary shares which are issued as fully paid up a sum of Rs. 40 per share.

AMENDMENT

The Resolution was seconded by Sheth Maneklal Manilal Ranchhoddas.

Sheth Chunilal Khushaldas Patell moved an amendment to the above Resolution by which the capital of the company would stand reduced from Rs. 1,01,00,000 to Rs. 51,25,000 divided into 99,500 ordinary shares of Rs. 50 each and 1,500 ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each, the liability in respect of uncalled capital on 99,500 ordinary shares to the extent of Rs. 50 per share being extinguished.

Mr. Indrajit L. Mehta seconded the amendment.

A general discussion ensued wherein several shareholders took part. The Chairman thereupon put the amendment to vote which was carried unanimously. The original resolution was also put to vote and lost.

The amended resolution as given below was then moved by the Chairman as a substantive resolution and the same was passed unanimously.—

"RESOLVED that the capital of the company be reduced from Rs. 1,01,00,000 divided into 99,500 ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each on which Rs. 50 per share have been paid up and 1,500 ordinary shares issued as fully paid up in terms of the deferred shares conversion scheme to Rs. 51,25,000 divided into 99,500 ordinary shares of Rs. 50 each and 1,500 shares of Rs. 100 each and that such reduction be effected by reducing the nominal amount of the ordinary shares from Rs. 100 to Rs. 50 each on 99,500 ordinary shares (which are partly paid up as aforesaid) and extinguishing the liability in respect of uncalled capital on the said ordinary shares to the extent of Rs. 50 per share".

Sheth Chunilal Khushaldas Patell then suggested that the Bank should be reconstructed as a Finance and Investment Corporation which he believed would be in the best interests of the Company.

Mr. Sankalchand G. Shah also agreed with Sheth Chunilal Khushaldas Patell and explained the present finances of the Bank to the shareholders and pointed out that the figures of the Reserve Bank alleging that Rs. 62,26,518-1-0 were not invested with "due regard to the depositors' interests and prospects of realisation" were incorrect, as the present finances clearly showed. After some discussion, the shareholders requested the Board of Directors to consider the proposal for the conversion of the Bank into a Finance Corporation and take necessary steps in the matter.

With a vote of thanks to the chair, the meeting terminated.

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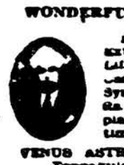

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A Call And An Appeal

The Secretary of the Frontier Hindu Defence Committee in the course of an appeal says:—

Tales of the miseries and sufferings that have been inflicted upon the minorities of the North West Frontier Province, have already spread throughout India.

A large number of innocent Hindu and Sikh families are wandering helplessly, in different parts of the country. Only a few families that are determined to protect their religion and to sacrifice their all rather than leave their hearths and homes, are left behind. They intend not only to stick to their places but also to bring back those brethren who are now roaming without any shelter. Such an intention implies the rehabilitation of thousands of families that have been rendered penniless. The task is vast and difficult and requires the help and co-operation of the whole Hindu society. The most essential form of the help at the present hour is finance only. Provided help is forthcoming in the required measure we hope to succeed in our mission of bringing about the resettlement of every riot affected family. Donations may be sent to Frontier Hindu Defence Committee 2 Domell, Road, Peshawar Cantonment.

HOMELAND FOR ANGLO-INDIANS

Suggestion For Settlement At Andaman & Nicobar Islands

LONDON, June 30, (Reuter): Captain Gammans, Conservative Member of Parliament, asked in the House of Commons today what reply the Under-Secretary for India, Mr. Arthur Henderson, had sent or proposed to send, to the request made by the Anglo-Indian and domeciled European communities of India that they should be established in a homeland of their own and that, in particular, facilities should be provided for them to settle in the Andaman and Nicobar islands.

Mr. Henderson replied that a representation had been received from a body called the Brit-Asian league, of Calcutta, but it was not considered that any such scheme was practical or desirable particularly in view of the policy of the Anglo-Indian Association which regarded this scheme as impracticable.

Mr. Gammans: "Does the Government accept in principle the responsibility for finding a homeland for the Anglo-Indian community for whom we have a special responsibility if they do not remain in either Hindustan or Pakistan?"

Mr. Henderson: "That is a hypothetical question. The only information we have is that statement made in February this year on behalf of the Anglo-Indian Association which stated the Association's policy that while it is not against individuals emigrating if they so choose, it will not officially sponsor any such idea".

ENHANCEMENT NOTICE ISSUED

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Sen and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar)

Ismail Mahomed .... Appellant (Accused).

Versus

The King-Emperor .... Respondent.

While admitting this appeal from the order of V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, convicting and sentencing the accused to a fine of Rs. 3,000 for holding a stock of cloth in excess of his requirements, Their Lordships ordered the issue of a notice to show cause why the sentence should not be enhanced. He had been convicted for having in his possession 339 bed-sheets, 20 chaddars, 133 towels, 222 counterpanes, 29 dusters and 60 yards of cloth. On behalf of the accused it was contended that he needed this cloth for distribution in charity to "Hajis" proceeding to Arabia and that it was therefore erroneous to hold, as the trial Magistrate had held, that the cloth in question was in excess of his normal requirements.

Mr. V. N. Chhatrapati appeared for the appellant.

Arya Kanya Mahavidyalaya

(From A Correspondent.)

Raja Bahadur Narayanlal Pitti and Seth Nanjibhai Kalidas have each donated a lakh of rupees to the Arya Kanya Vidyalaya of Baroda. Seth Manganbhai Shankarbhai of Baroda has donated Rs. 10,000 to the same institution for helping girls in their English studies. He has also donated Rs. 10,000 to the Baroda municipality with a view to exempt the poor from the municipal water-tax and another Rs. 10,000 for the purchase of an ambulance car. He has made a further donation of Rs. 10,000 to build a hostel for poor college students.

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Ad. Booking 10 a.m. to 12
3rd WEEK
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Youth's Fight
for the Woman's Birthright
FILMISTAN'S
Inspiring Social Picture
SINDOOR

Starring
Kishore Sahu, Shamim, Paro
The City's Most Popular Show
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Matunga (B. B.)
KARDAR Picture
SANYASI
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Last 2 Days
DAUGHTER OF DON Q

A TRUE TRAGEDY
Ramka
Hits Hard At The Society Codes
MUBARAK, HEMAVATI
NEW WEST END
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Reservation 10 to 12, 4 to 6

THREE STARS SING TO DELIGHT you
NURJEHAN—Surendra—Surraiya
Mehboob Productions
ANMOL GHADI
22nd WEEK
Daily 3-30: 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun. Matinee at 1 p.m.
MAJESTIC & SUPER
Ad. Booking 9-30 to 11-30 & 5 to 6-30
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RATTAN
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Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
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A Touching Drama of Duty and Love!
'MITTI' KHURSHID & SADIQ ALI
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
KRISHNA Dubash Theatre.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 14, 2003.
Muslim: Sabaan 12, 1366.
Parsi: Behman 2, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-05 a.m. Sunset: 7-20 p.m.
Hightide: 12-06, 23-26. Lowtide: 05-01, 18-07.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE: 3-30 p.m. (B.T.).

Today's Engagements

HINDUSTAN SCOUT ASSOCIATION: Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru, National Commissioner of the Hindustan Scout Association will address a meeting of Scouters at the New Era School Hall, Hughes Road at 6-15 p.m. today (Wednesday).

MR. JYOTINDRA DAVE'S LECTURE: Today (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. under the auspices of Mazdaznan at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road. Mr. Jyotindra Dave will deliver a public lecture on "The Influence of Literature".

PRESIDENCY SWEEPERS' UNION: Meeting of Sweepers and Scavengers of Bombay Municipality will be held at Dadar Main Road Municipal Chawls today (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.).

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT: By girl students of the Arya Kanya Mahavidyalaya Baroda, under the auspices of the Fort Arya Samaj, at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall today (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. Mrs. I. M. Patel of Africa will preside.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Notes on the Bhagvad-Gita will be taken up for consideration today (Wednesday) evening at 6-15, at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

BHAGINI SAMAJ.

The opening of the social workers' training class by the Bhagini Samaj will take place on Thursday (3rd inst.) Bal-Mandir (Matthew Road) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), when Mrs. Hansa Mehta will preside and Dr. Kumarappa will address the meeting on the "Scope of Social Service". Members of Bhagini Samaj and students who desire to join the training class are requested to attend the meeting.

Hydro-Electric Projects In Maharashtra And Karnatak

There appears to be an impression abroad that although the Survey work in connection with the Hydro-Electric Projects in Maharashtra and Karnatak, viz., Koyna and Kalinadi, has been sanctioned, priority is being given to electrification schemes in Gujarat Such an impression is entirely without foundation. Work connected with major thermal power projects in Gujarat and the above mentioned hydro-electric projects, is being treated on an equal footing and is proceeding simultaneously.

The WOMAN of our TIMES finds expression of Her Sentiments

IT'S PRAKASH
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ARUN, MRIDULA, YAKUB
Director: VIJAY BHATT
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A LOVE THAT CREATED A SPECTACULAR WONDER
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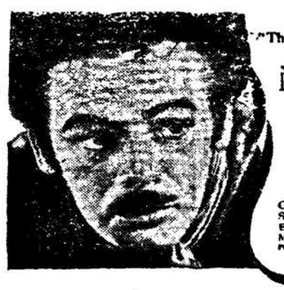

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Presented by WARNER BROS.
Plans Open. Book Now.

Goods Looted From Train Seized: 5 Suspects Arrested

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, July 1.

The Kalyan Railway Police Sub-Inspector with a party of armed police raided a small village near Kalyan and captured new cloth bundles of shirting, saries etc. supposed to be looted from the Railway goods trains lately. In this connection five persons have been arrested and brought to Kalyan Railway Police Station, along with the cloth. It is understood that an organised gang is at work behind this looting of trains.

Bill To Repeal Waste Lands Act

A Bill to repeal the Waste Lands (Claims) (Bombay Repeal) Act 1943 and the Waste Lands (Claims) Act, 1863 has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette, dated June 30, 1947.

Under the Government of India Act, any law made by the Governor during the section 93 regime continues to have effect until two years have elapsed from the date on which the proclamation ceases to have effect, unless sooner repealed or re-enacted. It is considered desirable that the repeal of the Waste Lands (Claims) Act, 1863, made by the Bombay Act No. IX of 1943 should continue. The Bill is intended to achieve this object.

PRESS COMPOSITOR ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

For alleged throwing of stones, at G. I. P. Railway workshop men, who did not join the strike yesterday, Frances Rebelio, a compositor in G. I. P. Railway Press, Byculla was arrested by the police near the workshop.

The accused was placed before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, today and ordered to be released on bail.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, (Wednesday) July 2
BOMBAY—1

244 m. (1,231 kcs) 7-30 a. m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Pralhad Ganu (Dilruba) (Bhairavin) 8-45 K. R. Patwardhan (Pad) 9-0 Saraswati Rane (Todi) 12-0 Variety Programme in (H) (U) and (H) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Mixed Fare Malika Pukhraj (Dalra) Musharfar Husain (Ghazal) Indurbala (Thumri Zohra and Ratism (Due Sati Devi (Geet Vinayakrao Patwardhan (Mishra-Kaf) Sheila Sarkar (Bhajan)) Panna Muzzafarpur (Purvi Geet) Mankar Rarve (Thumri) 1-25 News in (H) 1-30 News in (E) 1-40 Music Boston Promenade Orchestra (Verdi) Joan Cross (Soprano) (Verdi) Light Opera Company (Vocal Gems) New Light Symphony Orchestra (Luigini) 4-20 School Broadcast (G and M) 5-0 Pralhad Ganu (Patdeep) 5-15 B. P. Bhatt (Purie Dhanasri) 5-45 Topic of the Day 5-55 Local 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Swaroopalata (Ghazalen) 6-30 Hiralal Nakshigara 6-45 K. R. Patwardhan 7-0 B. P. Bhatt (Thumri) 7-30 Hindi Sahitya Ki Adhunik Pravruttiyan (Kavita) 7-45 Barkha Ritu Juthika Roy K. C. Dey Sudkha Bannerjee Master Basworaj (Megh) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Kavita Vachan 8-45 "Yatrechi Ratra" Marthi feature written by V V. Shirwadkar 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B.B.C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Two Civillzations Talk by Prof. C. N. Vakil 10-0 Datnakant Ramnathkr (Alap) Behao 1-30 Saraswati Rane (Hemnai).

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 3-7-47:—The Monsoon will strengthen further in the Konkanpatti, Khandesh, the Deccan, the Bombay Karnatak, Mawal, Marathwada and eastern Talungana and local in the Hyderabad Karnatak, western Telungana, central Hyderabad, Gujarat and east Kathiawar. A few showers may also occur in west Kathiawar.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain likely in the Konkanpatti and north Marathwada during the next 18 hours and may commence in Mawal, Khandesh and the Deccan within the above period.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT DAYS:—Rainfall will increase in Gujarat and Kathiawar and decrease in Marathwada, central Hyderabad and eastern Telungana.

Mr. Y. K. Shukla who has just left for China, as one of the Government of India scholars, to study Chinese painting, is a member of the Painting Section of the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay. He was represented by his three works at the recent U.N.E.S.C.O. Exhibition of Modern India Art held in Paris and in London where his sketchings received favourable comments in the press.

Pakistan Victory For British

Bombay Suburbs Nationalist Muslims Urge Abolition Of Joint Electorates

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. Hoosein B. Tayabji presiding over a meeting of the Nationalist Muslims of the Suburbs of Bombay held at Bandra yesterday said that the division of India was not a victory for Mr. Jinnah but for the British.

The Nationalist Musalmans he said were always for United India and it was with profound sorrow that they had for the present to submit to a divided India. He appealed to the Nationalist Musalmans to insist that in the future constitution of the Indian Union there should be no communal representation.

A resolution passed at the meeting said that the Muslims of Bombay Province as of other parts of the Indian Union are Indians and as such they are citizens of the Indian Union in the fullest sense of the term. Consequently they claim their full share of responsibilities duties and rights as such citizens.

"This meeting urges the Indian Constituent Assembly to provide that there shall be no separate electorates on religious basis in any shape or form for the Muslims in the Constitution that is being framed for the Provinces and the Centre of the Indian Union and to provide that Muslims shall form part of the general constituencies that will be set up under the Constitution".

The President of the meeting was authorized to forward a copy of the Resolution to the President of the Constituent Assembly the Hon. Premier and Hon. Ministers of Bombay Province.

CENTRAL BODY OF BOMBAY NATIONALIST MUSLIMS

BOMBAY, Monday.

A public meeting of the Nationalist Muslims of Bombay City and Suburbs was held yesterday evening at St. Andrew's School Hall, Byculla to consider the political situation created by the Partition Scheme of June 3, of the British Government vis-a-vis the Muslims and the organisation of Muslims of Bombay and Suburbs.

Dr. H. A. K. Obaray presiding said that throughout the struggle for the independence of India the Nationalist Muslims have stood for the Unity of India: Today also they stand for it and they would strive for it in the future. He said that Mr. Jinnah's policy had landed the Muslims of the Hindu majority provinces in a most horrible position. Nationalist Muslims duty now was to organise themselves into one strong central body and fight all the reactionary forces that had done the greatest harm to India and the Muslims themselves. They should adopt a progressive and socialistic outlook and programme and align themselves with the socialist and nationalist forces of the country.

Khan Mohammad Afzal Khan Messrs. Ismail Ansrai Gulam Rasool Master, Mohammad Ibrahim Ansrai and others spoke stressing the need of a central body of the Nationalist Muslims to fight and eradiacte communalism from India. Some speakers made demands for aboslishing separate electorates, reservation of seats, weightages and all the paraphernalia which had reduced India to shambles.

The meeting unanimously decided that instead of establishing a new body of the Nationalist Muslims of Bombay the existing Nationalist Centre which was formed in September 1946 should be reorganised, and office bearers and a General Council be elected.

The following Office bearers were elected:—

President:— Mr. Adam Adil Vice-Presidents: Haji Babullah, Mr. N. Abbasi, Mr. Mohamm. Ismail Ansari and Maulana Hakim Azami. Hon. General Secretary:— Ir. Abdulhussain Bharatputra. Jt. Hon. Secretaries:—Dr. H. A. K. Obaray and Mr. Mohammad Ali Shakir Hon. Treasurer:— Maulana Mohammad Yahaya Zubair.

A General Council of fifty members was also elected.

Eminent Educationist Passes Away

From A Correspondent)

Rao Bahadur Thakur Chain Singh of Pokaran (in Jodhpur State) an eminent educationist passed away after a prolonged illness. He was the Premier Noble of Jodhpur State and a successor of Rao Champaji brother of Rao Jodhaji, founder of Jodhpur. He was a well read and widely travelled man and was Minister in charge of Justice and Education and also Acting Chief Minister of the Jodhpur State for a number of years.

He was an educationist of All-India fame, having been the President of the All-India Educational Conference, New Delhi in 1934 and the Leader of the Indian Delegation to the World Conference of Education held at Oxford in 1935. He held cosmopolitan views in social matters and took special care for the education and social uplift of Harijans in his own Estate. He was a liberal in Politics and was the first President of the Jodhpur Representative Assembly. He leaves four sons and a large number of friends and admirers to mourn his loss.

Man Dies Of Burns

BOMBAY, Tuesday. — Yesterday morning at 7-30 a.m. a coolie Bandekhan, it is stated, poured kerosene oil on his own body, and set it on fire, when he was alone in a room in Ratanbai Building, Nagpada. It appear from enquiries that the man had been behaving peculiarly for some time past and must have done it in a fit of insanity. He was admitted to J. J. Hospital but died at 5 p.m. yesterday due to shock received by extensive burns.

Dr. Bhasker Patel, M. D., M. R. C. P., Specialist in Tuberculosis, Sir J. J. Hospital, and Special Officer, Tuberculosis, Government of Bombay, is deputed by the Government of Bombay to attend the Empire and Commonwealth Tuberculosis Conference to be held in London in the second week of July 1947. Dr. Patel will take this opportunity to visit Switzerland to acquaint himself with the latest developments in the treatment of Tuberculosis in that country.

TRUNK MURDER MYSTERY

Husband And Wife Arrested As Suspects

The Bombay C.I.D., have unravelled the mystery which shrouded the recent "Trunk Murder Case."

It will be recalled that some days back the body of a young woman was found abandoned in a trunk which arrived by a mail train at Poona.

The body which was discovered with the head completely severed was covered with large quantities of salt so that decomposition may be delayed.

As the trunk remained unclaimed for a few days, the railway authorities opened it and were confronted with the gruesome find.

Mr. Gordon, a Poona Police officer got in touch with the Crime Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. whose task was rendered doubly difficult as the body had decomposed beyond recognition.

Without any tangible clue Inspector Khan Saheb Umar Khan Pathan of the Crime Branch, Bombay C.I.D., set about to solve this knotty mystery.

He was assisted in the difficult investigation by Deputy Inspector Sami and Sub-Inspector Bulsara.

Cleverly applying the process of elimination the officers have at last succeeded in getting hold of the persons alleged to be responsible for the murder.

Shankar Babaji a discharged Police constable was living with his wife and his mistress at Sion. It is said, that there used to be frequent quarrels between Shanker's wife and his concubine.

Both Shanker and his wife it is alleged murdered the mistress and disposed of the body in the manner described above.

They are now in Police custody.

4 MONTHS R.I. FOR OPIUM DEN-KEEPER

BOMBAY, Tuesday

For contravention of the Opium Smoking Act 1936, Haji Abbas was sentenced to 4 months R.I. and fined Rs. 550/- in default 7 weeks' further R.I. by Mr. M. Nasrulla, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon Police Court on Saturday.

The accused ran an opium smoking den in a room on the ground floor of No. 24|28 Musa Ali Street, and in a surprise raid on the premises by Deputy Inspector Race on the 23rd May he was arrested along with eight other people, who were smoking opium. The eight people, who were guests of the accused, were fined Rs. 10/- each, in default 1 week's R.I.

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Widespread Rainfall In Bombay Deccan

POONA, July 1, (A.P.I.): The following is daily weather summary for Tuesday, the 1st July, 1947:—

A land depression has formed this morning with centre between Pendra and Sambalpur. It will move in a westerly direction. Rainfall has been widespread in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the East United Provinces, East Central India, the Konkan, South Hyderabad, Malabar, the Madras Deccan and the north Madras coast and local in rest North-East India, the West United Provinces, East Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan and Mysore.

Forecast until the 2nd evening:—The Monsoon will strengthen along and off the Konkan and south Kathiawar coasts. Rainfall will be widespread in Malabar and along the belt from the Konkan and south Gujarat to Chota Nagpur and the Central Provinces and local in the East United Provinces, Bihar, Bengal, along the Orissa-Circars coast, in the Madras Deccan and Mysore.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, July 1, (A.P.I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at eight hours I. S. T. on 1st July 1947:—

Ahmedabad 99 82 0 0.4 minus 3.6, Allahabad 88 78 1.0 3.1 minus 2.3, Bangalore 79 68 T 4.0 plus 1.0, Baroda 101 83 0 0 nil, Belgaum 76 57 0.7 4.0 minus 4.5, Bellary 91 74 0.8 2.1 plus 0.3, Bhopal 90 76 0 3.4 minus 3.8, Bhuj 95 79 0 0 minus 1.5, BOMBAY 92 78 0.1 3.7 minus 16.1, Calcutta 91 79 0.2 9.2 minus 2.9, Calicut 77 74 1.5 32.5 plus 1.6, Cawnpore 79 85 0.2 3.9 plus 0.5, Delhi 100 79 0 0.1 minus 3.1, Hyderabad (Dn.) 87 70 nil 3.4 minus 1.1, Hyderabad (Sd.) 106 79 0 0 minus 0.5, Indore 91 74 T 1.1 minus 5-0, Karachi 86 79 0 0 minus 0.7, Mahabaleshwar 68 63 .0 14.2 minus 30.9, Mangalore 77 73 2.3 31.4 minus 7.1, Marmagao 78 73 4.9 35.1 plus 3.3, Nagpur 91 75 0.5 5.4 minus 3.8, Pachmarhi 77 71 0 6.1 minus 3.5, Poona 88 74 0 0.1 minus 4.6, Rajkot 100 78 0 0 minus 4.3, Sholapur 92 72 0.7 6.2 plus 1.7, Simla 75 62 0 2.5 minus 4.1, Srinagar 81 59 0.1 1.7 plus 0.2, Surat 95 82 0 0.1 minus .0.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"If the harvest is big the rat goes for three concubines"

—Proverb.

The Bombay Chronicle

THE GENEVA CONFERENCE

The Preparatory Committee of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment, which has been holding its second session in Geneva for over eleven weeks, has not yet terminated. The world-wide public has not been able to gather any definite or detailed information about its proceedings, progress or prospects and has had to depend on scrappy and occasional press reports. That is no doubt due to the fact that the tariff negotiations are a closed secret while the discussions on the Trade Charter are also still in committee stages and not open to the public. The tariff negotiations are, in fact, an attempt to arrive at bilateral agreements between separate pairs of eighteen countries participating in the Conference and to dovetail and unify these agreements into one general treaty. The task is by no means easy because there is a wide divergence between the professions and practice of the various countries, especially the more advanced and leading ones which preach free trade to others while practising protection themselves. The increase in import duties on wool from 60 and 75% to a total of 110 to 125% by the Congress of the United States is an apt illustration of the manner in which the country with which the scheme of the Conference originated is taking action that tends to undermine its very basis. The wool duties have antagonised Australia and the other British Commonwealth countries and have rendered difficult the prospects of arriving at an effective agreement for removal of tariff barriers. It is of course true, as was pointed out by Mr. G. L. Mehta, one of the Indian delegates to the Conference, in his speech at the International Chamber of Commerce at Montreux, that what impeded the flow of commerce to-day was not so much trade restrictions as the serious fall in production and the want of purchasing power. As he observed, "the world is hungry for goods, not struggling for markets." The problem to-day is one of meeting scarcity and not disposing of surpluses. Moreover, the conflict of interests between different countries has been in evidence for a long time and its signs are also visible at Geneva. The aim of the underdeveloped countries to protect young industries, the desire of the United States to find new markets without exposing its own industries to competition, the reluctance of the British Commonwealth countries to surrender preferential agreements and concessions without adequate compensation as well as the unwillingness of many countries impoverished and devastated by the war to permit competition of the richer countries in their own markets—all these are problems which are by no means easy to solve. Even if the somewhat erratic foreign commercial policy of the United States Administration at the dictation of various pressure groups does not break up the Conference, the ultimate result does not seem free from doubt.

fronts the Geneva Conference in regard to the draft Charter. In an attempt to reconcile different theories of trade as well as divergent and conflicting economic interests of nations, the Charter is likely to embody articles whose meaning would be difficult to comprehend and whose interpretations would tend to differ widely. Indeed, the Charter is, according to unkind critics, already becoming a collection of escape clauses until it seems as though a coach-and-four could be driven through almost every article. It is tantamount to some police regulation that lays down that no motorist should drive at more than forty miles an hour—unless, of course, he is in a hurry! The Trade Charter covers several questions of principle. It requires general undertakings such as the most-favoured-nation treatment of fellow-members of the I.T.O., abandonment of quantitative restrictions of trade, the pursuit of full employment policies, international regulation of commodities, elimination of restrictive business practices and the like. It contains, as it now stands, eight chapters, each dealing with some particular phase of trade and employment. In the case of under-developed countries, the Charter provides for the protection of growing industries. It is a gratifying that the peculiar position and conditions of under-developed countries have been recognised in the Draft Charter since the London meeting in October. But the Indian delegation, like delegations from other countries, will have to see, when the Charter is complete, whether it would be advantageous on the whole for India to be a party to it and to sign it. Until the various amendments suggested by different countries are finally threshed out and the whole picture is complete, it would not be possible for any delegation or country to determine its final attitude towards the Charter or towards the International Trade Organisation which it proposes to set up. It is important, however, to emphasise that although the Charter will be finally considered and the Trade Organisation set up at the final Conference to be held towards the end of this year, a general agreement on Tariffs and Trade will have to be adopted and signed at the conclusion of the Geneva Conference provided, of course, such an agreement is found acceptable to the Conference as a whole. It is obvious that such a decision can be taken only by a particular delegation in consultation with the Government of the country concerned.

The impending partition of India has created an additional complication so far as such a trade agreement is concerned. It would be essential to examine both the Tariff negotiations and the Trade agreement in the light of recent constitutional developments and to determine whether the Union of India should be a party to such an agreement. A negative attitude cannot avail. The Government, the commercial and the industrial organisations, representatives of agriculture and labour interests and economists will all have to co-operate in examining the trend and results of such negotiations and decide upon a positive and constructive policy in regard to trade relations between India and the world.

Frankly Speaking

Baluchistan's Decision

It was virtually taken for granted that Baluchistan would vote for the Pakistan Constituent Assembly. But an interesting foot note is supplied to the decision by a United Press of India report. According to it, the Nawab of Jogizai, who represented Baluchistan in the present Constituent Assembly, and Sardar Md. Usman, Vice-President of the Provincial Muslim League, had signed certain conditions upon which Baluchistan was to enter the Pakistan Constituent Assembly. In essence the conditions amount to a demand for the fullest possible autonomy for Baluchistan inside Pakistan. A difficult situation may arise for the Baluchistan voters and specially for the two signatories—both of them responsible leaders—if Mr. Jinnah rejects these conditions or the Pakistan Constituent Assembly does not accommodate Baluchistan in accordance with those conditions. But we do not see why the demands of Baluchistan, should not be met. A square deal will, in fact, better ensure the loyalty and allegiance of Baluchistan to Pakistan. Incidentally, all that is needed to win the full and willing co-operation and allegiance of the North-West Frontier Province, too, is no more than a Similar deal to the Pathans.

The Bare Truth

The French Government will protest even more vigorously against Emir Abd-el-Karim's "political" activities in Egypt because of the interview he has given to Reuters. But he has spoken no more than the bare truth, about French imperialism. It is no more than the truth that "change of representatives does not discharge France's responsibilities in Morocco, where the policy of force still exists destroying every vestige of freedom". And it is no more than the truth that France is determined to maintain imperialist domination over North Africa in defiance of all democratic principles, the Atlantic Charter and the United Nations Charter. France is, of course, only one among imperialist sinners but that does not minimise the guilt. And, finally, it is no more than the truth that the days of such imperialist domination are now numbered and that if the imperialist Powers of Western Europe have not the sense to withdraw voluntarily, they will be expelled by the peoples concerned.

Dutch Militancy

Thanks to their Allies who brought the Dutch back into Indonesia, they have been trying to re-establish as much of Dutch imperialism in the country as possible in spite of an agreement, the essence of which was the acceptance of Indonesian freedom. Ultimately the Dutch found sufficient encouragement in their restored military and naval strength to issue an actual ultimatum to the Republican Government. This is the background against which the present situation must be viewed to be correctly understood. Dr. Shariar, eager to achieve a peaceful settlement and transfer of power, made concession after concession, which only increased Dutch appetite, until his Republican colleagues and followers lost patience. That explains his resignation which Dr. Van Mook is trying to exploit by praising the co-operative attitude of the ex-Premier, but forgetting conveniently the views just broadcast by him on the Republican radio.

Grave Crisis

The conflict is in a sense fundamental. The Dutch demand that the interim Federal Government, which is to be set up, should agree to their sharing power and responsibility for law and order with itself and that, too not only at the top but also by the appointment of Dutch personnel along with Indonesian throughout the country. This is a perversion of freedom to which the Indonesians have naturally refused to submit. As a result of this conflict there has arisen a grave crisis threatening a full-fledged fight between Dutch Imperialism and Indonesian Republicanism. Britain and particularly America have intervened to avert the crisis with persuasion and an American promise of economic assistance. The bait of economic rehabilitation is attractive enough but "political stability" which the Americans desire is not possible with dual control over internal security. In any case, Dr. Soekarno has replied to the Dutch, British and American notes suggesting fresh conditions for a compromise. It should be of significance to Dr. Van Mook that Dr. Sultan Shariar has himself warned the Dutch that they constitute the final offer. The recent flare-up of fighting near Modjokerto together with the disclosure of Dutch military plans suggests, however, that the imperialists are not desirous so much of a fair settlement as spoiling for war. If that is so they will have it. The U.S.A. and Britain had better address their notes to the Dutch.

Our Readers' Views

University Text Books

Sir,—Weeks have leapsed since the Matric classes commenced. But yet some of the new text-books prescribed for the languages by the Bombay University are not seen in the market.

Now how are the schools to complete the wide course in a short period of six months? Again the University has passed a law this year that the forms of the students appearing for the University Examination must be sent henceforth two weeks earlier than before. Thus the preliminary examinations will be earlier and time will be still shorter. If this was to be the case why did the University not publish the texts in time?

It is really a pity that the Bombay University, the so-called best University of India, does not pay any attention to such blunders. Therefore, I urge the University on the students' behalf to reduce the course. I feel that the University will not turn a deaf ear to our urge and will take case into consideration.

Santa Cruz. VIRENDRA G. BHUTA.

Distress In North-Malabar

Dr. B. K. Basu, General Secretary, People's Relief Committee, Bengal, in the course of a statement says:—

"I had come to Malabar to ascertain personally whether the "alleged" excesses of Malabar Special Police on the peasants of North Malabar and the alleged Communist 'violence' were true. After my extensive tour of Chirakkal and Kurumbranad Taluks of North Malabar and Kasargod Taluk of South Kanara extending over a period of three weeks, I could not find any evidence of Communist violence. On the other hand the repression made by Malabar Special and local police force on the peasantry in general of those areas was much in evidence. Those honest citizens of Malabar who find it difficult to swallow the truth regarding the barbaric atrocities committed in the last six months on the people are earnestly requested by me to visit those areas once. They will surely find the tell-tale.

"Following the arrest of nearly thousand of able-bodied and only bread earning members of their families and consequent non-cultivation of the vast lands, has made the already food scarcity area of North Malabar prepared for the onset of famine. The setting of famine and mass starvation is written large on the faces of the villagers who are begining to suffer from diseases due to malnutrition.

"I earnestly appeal to all people irrespective of class, creed or caste to come forward at this critical hour to extend their warm hand of sympathy towards their distressed brethren of North Malabar by contributing their mite to Red Aid Committee, Malabar, P. O. Chalapuram, who has so far magnificently organised legal defence, financial help to the distressed families with meagre resources at their command."

Government House Drive

Sir,—Very soon the British Governors will Quit India and we hope the posts of the Governors will not last very long. Personally we do not see any need of a Governor when the Prime Minister is there to look after the interests of a province.

In this letter, however, we are concerned with the Government House Drive in Bombay which we propose should be thrown open to the public. The drive in question runs half a mile along the sea and can be turned into something very useful for the citizens. Bombay with its three million population has not even half a dozen spots where the people can go and refresh themselves. The Government House Drive can be turned into a wonderful spot for healthy recreation. The Municipality can build along the shore some open air swimming pools and boating houses and thus fulfil at least one of its promises of making Bombay "healthy". The Government House, too, can be turned into something useful instead of continuing to use it for accommodating only a few individuals, however great they might be.

Let Bombay show the way to real democracy!—Yours, etc.,

D. W. TENDULKAR,
VITHALBHAI K. JHAVERI.

Dual System

Sir,—I am rather surprised to read the self-complacent mood in which "A High Court Lawyer" advises me to keep easy mind, to confine myself to books and to appear at the examination held by the Law Society. I may add for public information that no candidate appearing in the Articled Clerk examination held by The Law Society in the month of March last was declared successful. In view of such strict result how can one keep an easy mind and confine himself to study, knowing fully well that there are 90% chances of his hard labour being wasted?

Apart from that, if the Dual System is going to be abolished, as the rumour persists, then is it not for the benefit of all concerned that the Minister for Law should make an announcement at an earliest opportunity?

It is well for "A High Court Lawyer," who had passed the examination—the result of which might have been comparatively more lenient than that of the Articled Clerk examination—to advise me and my friends in the same position to confine ourselves to books and to appear at the examination held by the Law Society. Yours, etc.

AN ARTICLED CLERK.

Literary Criticism Through Centuries

Wide Influence Of Universities

By Professor B. Ifor Evans

In one way there has always been literary criticism as long as there has been an art of literature. For each artist who chooses a fresh form for his work is making an act of creative criticism as he rejects the old ways for the new.

So, 600 years ago Geoffrey Chaucer chose the new ways of story telling of France and of Italy, rather than the old English way of alliterative verse. Further, he showed by references in his verses that he was conscious of what he was doing.

Usually, however, literary criticism is taken to mean the essays and treatises that have been written about literature, and in England though there are some scattered early pieces, a definite beginning was made in the 16th century.

For this there were two reasons. First, the English writers had read the Renaissance criticism, particularly of Italy, where ambitious attempts were made once again to discover the principles of classical epic and tragedy. With such a background, and with such motives in mind, does Edmund Spenser preface his "Faerie Queene" with what is in fact, a short treatise on epic poetry.

Puritanian Attack

There was a second and more urgent motive that led to literary criticism in England. For the Puritans had attacked literature, particularly poetry and drama, as immoral and the artists were driven to write essays in their own defence, and in these they explored the principles of their art. Outstanding here is Sir Philip Sidney's "Apology for Poetry."

Sidney is led to show that beyond all formal learning and philosophy there is the imaginative instruction which literature can give in presenting a lively portrayal of life. The Puritans had said that the poets were immoral, and Sidney replies that beyond the precepts of the moralists is the imaginative knowledge of life of the poet.

So did criticism begin to flourish in the reign of Elizabeth, but it was in the late 17th century that John Dryden first composed a substantial body of critical essays covering most of the literary problems that interested the men of his time.

Dryden's Style

Dryden was a poet and a dramatist, and some of his criticism explains his own purposes in the arts, but apart from this he had a genuine interest in literary criticism for its own sake. Dryden had read Corneille's "Examens" and was anxious to do something in a similar manner. Fortunately he commanded an engaging prose style and in a treatise such as the "Essay of Dramatic Poetry" he contrived to write in a way attractive to the general reader.

Dryden explores in his prose the contrast between the classical drama and the "correct" French stage on the one hand and the freer forms of Shakespeare and his contemporaries. The pleasantest quality in his mind is that it was seldom dogmatic and his style gains in grace as he grows older, so that the most genial of all his essays is his "Preface to the Fables" written in 1700, the year of his death.

From the age of Dryden through the 18th century criticism continues to hold an important place and the practitioners are numerous. Further criticism is supplemented and strengthened with literary history. Already in the Elizabethan age, Sir Philip Sidney and others seemed to be feeling out towards some idea of literary history. In the 18th century these notions become consolidated. Thomas Gray, the poet, makes a synopsis of a history which he does not write, but Thomas Warton makes a bold attempt at a "History of English Poetry."

Among the many critics in the age Dr. Samuel Johnson is outstanding. He is by temperament a classicist but he is too thorough an Englishman, too empirical and in a subconscious way even romantic to be consistent in his classicism. Johnson's famous "Preface" to his edition of Shakespeare becomes ultimately a defence of Shakespeare's "irregularities" against the theories of the classical school. Johnson is finally unwilling to sacrifice the liveliness and universality of Shakespeare for the sake of a critical dogma.

Widely Read Critics

Johnson in many ways anticipated the criticism of the romantic school. With Coleridge, and De Quincey the praise of Shakespeare went even further until there was some danger of idolatry. The critics of the romantic age were numerous and are still widely read.

Charles Lamb helped to rediscover the work of Shakespeare's contemporaries and Hazlitt, in a prose as full of colour as if he had dipped his pen into an artist's palette, wrote of the poets and prose writers from Chaucer to his own day. Indeed Hazlitt's freshness is never better shown than in "The Spirit of the Age" where he is portraying his contemporaries.

Shelley, looking back to Sidney's example, wrote a "Defence of Poetry," while Keat's letters have profound reflections on the whole art of poetry. Outstanding in the romantic age was S. T. Coleridge, for though he left much unfinished he was the philosopher, the psychologist, and the discoverer of the syntheses in critical thought. Nowhere are his powers more notably shown than in that strange uneven work 'Biographia Literaria" where, in a series of brilliant chapters, he analyses the work of his contemporary Wordsworth.

The achievement of the 19th century after the close, about 1830, of the romantic period, seems on the whole meagre. Yet there are some outstanding exceptions.

European Perspective

Matthew Arnold, particularly in "Essays in Criticism" (First Series and Second Series), attempted to give English literary comment a European perspective. Whatever may be his limitations in detail, he believed that the literary arts, and particularly poetry, could become the most valuable part of man's experience, and that their value would increase in an era when religion was riddled with doubt, and when science was laying open the road to materialism.

Much that is best in the criticism of the arts in the 19th century has outside the criticism of literature, and so John Ruskin, in comments on painting, architecture, and in his dynamic economic conceptions, had a great influence on his own time and something in his thought has lived on.

The 20th century has seen notable activity in literary criticism. English literature has now become a subject of study in all the universities in Great Britain and the members of their Faculties have done much to systematise the study. On the whole, their influence has lain rather with history and bibliography than with criticism properly so considered, though a writer such as "Q" (Sir Arthur Quiller-Couth), contrived to remain both writer and academic commentator. He stepped outside the narrower ranges of academic commentary to consider the arts of prose and poetry as the artist himself perceives them.

By a great co-operative effort a "Cambridge History of English Literature" was produced, while at present the first volumes of an "Oxford History of English Literature" are being published. Earlier than these there were the single-handed achievements of Professor George Saintsbury whose width of knowledge and persistence of industry have become a fable. Outstanding among his works was a "History of Criticism" which extended from the earliest periods to his own day.

Cambridge Bibliography

The universities have also been responsible for a number of works ancillary to literary study, such as standard editions of the classical authors, more accurate texts of Shakespeare's plays, and above all "A Cambridge Bibliography of English Literature" which records all that has been written in English and in Latin in England, from the earliest times to 1900.

Meanwhile, literary criticism has continued among those who have themselves been masters of the literary art. The tradition of Sidney and Dryden, by which poets have commented on their art, is continued in W. B. Yeats and T. S. Eliot. In the beautiful prose of Yeats's essays and memoirs one can see a poet who is, by nature, a romantic attempting to adjust himself to a modern world.

T. S. Eliot has gained an authority in his own age, unparalleled since the days of Dr. Samuel Johnson. He has forced readers to consider the meaning of tradition; he has emphasised the importance of Donne and the other "metaphysical" poets; and while making arresting comments on individual writers he has also considered the more abstract problems, such as the relation of poetry to belief. These are the outstanding figures, but there have been others. The relation between them and the more academic critics such as C. S. Lewis, Dr. Tillyard and others, has, on the whole, been a happy one.

While psychological method has not had the same influence in England as on the Continent of Europe, it can be discovered in the work of Herbert Read and of I. A. Richards. In the main, literary criticism in England today continues to be less technical than this, written as Dryden wrote in a language which the ordinary man can understand without any special preparation.

30,000 Tons Of Burma Rice Smuggled Into India?

RANGOON, July 1, (A.P.A.): Steps being planned for preventing rice and paddy being smuggled out of the Arakan division into India were announced today by the Burma Government.

The announcement said that about 30,000 tons of rice and paddy were smuggled across the Indian border from Arakan during May and suggested that this quantity be counted against India's export quota from Burma.

FRONTIER GOVERNOR ON REFERENDUM ISSUE

Last Elections Fought On Basis Of United India Versus Pakistan: June 3 Plan Has Altered Situation Completely

PESHAWAR, July 1, (U.P.I.): Replying to a question as to whether the Frontier referendum would not be held in view of the boycott by the Frontier Congress, the Governor in his press conference said:

"I do not think it should not. For the first time an agreed plan has been arrived at between the political parties in India. The Congress, League and Sikhs, all parties, accepted H. M. G.'s plan to the effect that India should be partitioned as a consequence of which it is considered necessary that a referendum should be held in Frontier with a view to ascertain the will of the people on the issue of Pakistan versus Hindustan. It is said that the Frontier people already have given the verdict against Pakistan during the last general elections in 1946. But at that time the issue was between a free and united India versus Pakistan. Today by the acceptance of Pakistan a perfectly different situation has arisen. The only issue under the plan is Pakistan or Hindustan as there is no provision in the plan by which any province can declare itself independent. Hence the only way by which you can create a new issue is by amending the whole plan".

Asked as to what measures the Government will adopt to ensure a peaceful and free referendum, the Frontier Governor said: "I cannot say much at this stage. We are taking all necessary steps in this direction. It is our intention to keep arms at a safe distance from every polling stations. Soldiers if necessary may be made available for help. I will be in constant consultations with the provincial Government, Major-General Maccay, General Officer Commanding, Peshawar Area and Brigadier Booth, Referendum Commissioner. Every effort will be made to ensure that the referendum is conducted in a peaceful atmosphere and every voter is given a chance to vote".

Concluding he disclosed that he had already spoken to party leaders on the subject of forming a representative peace committee with a view to maintain peace and order.

DIVISION OF PUNJAB UNIVERSITY

LAHORE, July 1, (A.P.I.): The Punjab University Syndicate has set up a partition committee under the chairmanship of the Vice-Chancellor Dr. C. H. Rice to evaluate the assets and liabilities of the university.

The committee consists of Dr. Khalifa Shujahuddin, Dr. Omar Hayat Malik, Principal Islamia College, Lahore, Mr. Mohammad Sharif, Principal Training College Lahore, Bakhshi Sir Tek Chand, Dewan Anand Kumar, Dean of University Instruction and Sardar Prabat Singh Chawla.

PUNJAB PARTITION COMMITTEE

LAHORE, July 1, (A.P.I.): The Punjab Partition Committee held its first meeting today at the Civil Secretariat, Sir Evan Jenkins the Provincial Governor presiding.

The meeting was attended by Mr. Zahid Hussain, Vice-Chancellor of Aligarh University and Mian Mumtaz Daulatana, on behalf of the Muslim League while Dr. Gopi Chand Bhargava and Sardar Swaran Singh represented the Congress and the Sikhs respectively.

The members of the Steering Committee Mr. Yaqub Hussain Shah and Mr. M. R. Suchdeva were also present.

ONE YEAR R. I. FOR CITY DOCTOR

A woman and a doctor were sentenced by Hon Mr. Justice Rajyadhaksha at the Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court to two years' and one year's rigorous imprisonment respectively on charges of kidnapping and obtaining possession of a minor girl from Burdwan for immoral purposes and abetment thereof.

The jury returned a unanimous verdict of guilty against both the accused and the first accused was sentenced to two years rigorous imprisonment on each charge the sentences to run concurrently. The second accused was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment for abetment of each charge the sentences to run concurrently.

TETE-A-TETE

CAIRO, June 30: Asked whether he was engaging in politics in Egypt Abd El Krim said, "the fact that you are interviewing me is your answer. The duty of every politician consists in making his statements obscure and leaving the world to read between the lines."

—Reuter.

* * *

A Tory Blimp, Colonel Sir Thomas Moore, profoundly concerned over the future of the Indian army, urged in the House of Commons that "the Minister will, of course, be aware of the deep anxiety among all ranks and communities in this magnificent volunteer army."

The Minister unfortunately, failed to reach down the depths of Sir Thomas Moore's solicitude.

* * *

The personnel of the two Boundary Commissions to demarcate the boundaries of two parts of Bengal and the Punjab has been announced. No woman, however, has yet been appointed.

So that element at least over arrangements deadlock has finally been read.

* * *

The A.P.I. says that the Maharaja Holkar of this Prime Minister Mr. R. A. Hin, have flown to England to call Dr. M. R. Jayakar regarding long term and short term constitutional reforms in Indore.

H'm h'm

* * *

The Aga Khan it is reported, participated in conference held in London between Bhopal representative, Sir. Zafrullah and a group of Ind Princes and State Advisers.

But what His Highness want Dominion Sufor?

* * *

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan asks Khan Abdulum Khan and other Leaguers whey shirt fighting the referendum the issue of Pathanistan.

Because will be defeated.

* * *

Talking o Frontier, Mahatma Gandhi obs that Khan Abdul Ghaffar has one failing which is that he ghly suspicions especially of h professions and intentions.

Couldn't put down as a creditable Caracle?

* * *

Following winding up of U.N. R.R.A. in the U. N. International Re Organisation is, we learn, to re of 32,000 refugees and displ sons.

Until, of, they reach Palestine.

B.P. CLEDGES AID TTATES' JGGLE

OMBAY, Tuesday.

The Provincial Congress Committee ed its full support and aid people of Travancore, Hyderabad that in their struggle, at turned meeting this evening Congress House Mr S. K. Pded.

At the Mr. Patil told the members C. V. Varad had expressed ret to the Executive Committe Congress for his behavio last meeting and said the not intend to disobey that.

The sanctioned Rs. 100 as a ution to the proposed purse to Shri Bhaurao Patil of d appealed to the public ate to the Purse.

The also endorsed the appoin the Travancore Aid Commi Mr. Purshotam Trikamdasjee and Mr. Purshotam as Secretary.

War ese Communists Intensified

SHAly 1. (Reuter): Generalissi Kai-Shek presided over meeting in Nanking of the Political Council (Chinese) and the Central Executive of the Kuomintang hich a resolution to intensify anti-communist war was as reported here today.

A Sto B.B.&C.I. Rly.

Meal R. Shah M.L.A., Manil & Premchand G. Lalar

"Welling by 65 up train on 30 The said train was running's walking speed from on to Moriya station. On the passenger of the train upset and found it drive into the matter. Who stopped at Moriya station and on enquiry learn driver of the train wash state and smelling liquing.

Circumstances, we can see that such drivers who are of drinking beyond limit to cause danger to the safety. We, therefore this persons should be prosecuted according to law immediately

The driver has been sacked on the train. Mr. Sub master Laxmanaray Mehta T.T.I. M., Ahmedabad have expressed the opinions have stated."

Will Congress Restart Mass Struggle?

Nationalist Muslims In Britain Condemn Indian Partition Plan

LONDON, July 1, (Reuter): Over a hundred Indian workers, mostly Nationalist Muslims and Sikhs, were present at a meeting last night in the East End of London, to demand freedom for the peoples of Indian States to join the Indian Union and to pledge support to the Indian Socialist party.

The meeting was organised by the Indian Workers Association of London and Mr. C. A. Khan presided.

The Chairman said that he hoped that the Indian Socialist party would never agree to the "British-Made Partition of India".

Mr. C. S. Alley, one of the leaders of the Indian seamen in Britain said that he hoped that Indian National Congress would restart a mass struggle for the reunification of India.

Mr. Abdul Ghani of the Nationalist Muslim Committee of London said that the partition plan of the Socialist Government, sanctioned by Churchill, should be universally condemned instead of being praised.

GRADY PRESENTS HIS CREDENTIALS

Viceroy Assures "Fullest Possible Co-operation"

NEW DELHI, July 1, (A.P.I.): Dr. Henry F. Grady, the first United States Ambassador to India presented his credentials to the Viceroy, Lord Mountbatten today. The brief but impressive ceremony of the presentation of credentials took place in the ballroom of the Viceroy's House.

The American Ambassador was presented to the Viceroy by Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai, Secretary-General of the External Affairs and Commonwealth Relations Department.

Dr. Grady was accompanied by Mr. Howard Donavan, counsellor of the American Embassy, Naval and Military Attaches of the American Embassy, Mr. G. C. L. Crighton, Secretary of the Indian External Affairs Department, Mr. P. A. Menon, Joint Secretary and other officials.

The Viceroy welcoming the American Ambassador on behalf of His Majesty and the Government of India assured the first American Ambassador to India of the fullest possible co-operation.

INDIA'S STERLING BALANCES

Br. Treasury's Anxiety To Arrive At 'Interim' Arrangement

LONDON, July 1, (U.P.I.): The British Treasury appears to be anxious to arrive at an interim arrangement in the matter of India's sterling balances. The "United Press of India" has been informed that the Treasury officials here feel that pending finalisation of the Indian partition and the division of assets and liabilities of the Central Government no proper negotiations can take place. However, to maintain a smooth flow of trade, commerce and industry between India and the United Kingdom, particularly in the early days of the Pakistan Dominion some technical agreement is now essential.

On the British side, it is felt that a tentative but formal agreement between India and Britain on India's sterling balances is essential as early as possible to satisfy the terms of the American loan to Britain.

The Treasury spokesmen point out that they do not know even now whether there will be two separate negotiations or a joint one. It will depend, they say, entirely on the decision of the Indian Dominions.

COMMUNIST TROOP ROUTED

Chinese Govt. Forces Advance Towards Manchuria's Capital

NANKING, July 1, (Reuter): Thirty-thousand Chinese communists were killed and thousands of others were routed when Generalissimo Chiang Kai Shek's Government troops entered the strategic Manchurian rail centre of Szepingkai, on the Changchun-Murden Railway, which had been under Communist siege for 18 days, it was announced here today.

Government troops converged on the city from the north and south, reports said.

Communists were bewildered by the rapidity of the Government advance, it was stated.

On Sunday, Government troops captured Mingshui, 30 miles east of the rail junction at Tsinan, and were yesterday advancing on the Paoshan coal-mining area, north-west of Changchun, Manchuria's Capital.

EDITORS TO MEET ON JULY 10

ALLAHABAD, July 1. (U.P.I.): A meeting of the Standing Committee of the All-India Newspapers Editors' Conference is being held in Delhi on July 10 and 11, it is learnt.

The agenda will include many vital problems connected with newspapers.

Kashmir To Declare Independence

SRINAGAR, July 1. (A.P.I.): The Kashmir Government has finally decided to declare independence after the lapse of paramountcy next month, the Associated Press of India understands from Government quarters. No official announcement to this effect is expected at least for a fortnight.

PARIS CONFERENCE LATEST

PARIS, July 1, (Reuter): The "Big Three" talks on United States aid for Europe are still continuing.

When this evening's session ended, it was learned that the talks would be resumed tomorrow afternoon.

When this evening's session closed after 100 minutes, an official British spokesman said there would be an adjournment " to think things over".

Preparations For Division Of Armed Forces

(Continued From Page 1)

agreements between the two Governments for sharing any administrative or training establishments.

(VII) As soon as central administrative control can be dispensed with, the two Governments will be free to enlarge, reduce, redesign, reorganise and nationalise their armed forces as they think fit.

(3) The Partition Council decided to set up forthwith with the following committees and sub-committees:—

(a) (ARMED FORCES RECONSTITUTION COMMITTEE)

H. E. Field-Marshal Claude Auchinleck, C.-in-C. in India: Chairman. Members: Vice-Admiral Sir Geoffrey Miles, C.-in-C. Royal Indian Navy; Air Marshal H. S. P. Walmsley, Air Officer Commanding-in-Chief in India; Lt. General Sir Arthur F. Smith, Chief of the General Staff; Mohammad Ali, Esq., Financial Adviser War and Supply, Military Finance Department; G. S. Bhalja, Esq., Additional Secretary, Defence Department. Secretary: Colonel H. V. S. Muller. Secretary, C.-in-C.'s Secretariat.

(b) (NAVAL SUB-COMMITTE)

Commodore J. W. Jefford: Chairman. Members: Commander A. B. Goord, Staff Officer, Plans, Naval Headquarters; Commander J. C. Mansell, Commander, Administration. Naval Headquarters; Commander H. M. S. Choudri, Staff Officer, Naval Appointments, Naval Headquarters; Commander B. S. Soman. R. I. N.; Lieut. Commander (E) D. Shankar, R.I.N.; Lieut. Commander (E) I. K. Mumtaz, Deputy Director of Engineering. Naval Headquarters. Secretaries: Lieut. Commander (S) A. R. N. Husain and Lieut. (S) C. J. Munsuff.

(II) ARMY SUB-COMMITTEE:

Major General S. F. Irwin: Chairman Deputy Chief of the General Staff (A).

Members: Brigadier G. V. L. Coleman, Deputy Director of Organization (C) Adjutant General's Branch. Brigadier K. M. Cariappa, Brigadier S. B. S. Chimni, Inspector R.I.A.S.C., Quartermaster General's Branch Brigadier K. S. Thimayya Comdr 5 Ind Inf Bde, Brigadier A. M. Raza, Director of Selection of Personnel, Adjutant General's Branch, Colonel T. H. Angus, Director of Air, General Staff Branch, Colonel Moh'd Sher Khan, Deputy Director of Military Training, Gen Staff Branch, Lt. Colonel H. W. Newell 16 Punjab Regt, Quartermaster General's Branch, Lt. Colonel Akbar Khan. Frontier Force Rifles Bn. Comdr. Dehradun.

Secretaries: Major H. I. Ahmed, 3rd Cavalry, Major G. G. Bewoor the Baluch Regt.

(III) AIR FORCES SUB-COMMITTEE.

Air Vice Marshal A. L. A. Perry Keene, (Air Officer) I C Administration, Air Headquarters (India): Chairman.

Members: Air Commodore G. W. Birkinshaw, Senior Technical Staff Officer, Air Hqrs. (India,) Air Commodore S. Mukerjee, Deputy Air Officer I C Administration, Air Hqrs. (India), Group Captain D. H. F. Barnett, Group Captain Air Staff Plans, Air Hqrs. (India), Group Captain A. M. Engineer, Group Captain Personnel Services, Air Hqrs. (India), Wing Commander M. K. Janjua, Wing Commander Manning, Air Headquarters (India), Squadron Leader M. A. Khan, Chief Flying Instructor, R.I.A.F. Station, Ambala.

Secretaries: Wing Commander Arjan Singh, O. C. R.I.A.F. Station, Risalpur, Flight Lieutenant H. Bhatty Manning I, Air Headquarters (India).

(Note: Either two financial experts will be added to each of the three Sub-Committees as members, or a panel of two such experts would be added to serve them all as advisers.)

TERMS OF REFERENCE.

(4) The Partition Council decided that the terms of reference of the Armed Forces Reconstitution Committee should be as follows:

"In close consultation with the Steering Committee acting under the orders of the Partition Council, to make proposals for the division of the existing armed forces of India, namely, the Royal Indian Navy, the Indian Army and the Royal Indian Air Force (including the various installations, establishments and stores owned by the present Defence Department of the Government of India), in accordance with the principles set out in para two above.

The Committee will work on the following assumptions:—

(I) Existing members of the armed forces serving in either state will be governed by their existing terms and conditions of service. If subsequently new terms are promulgated, and if they do not desire to serve on those new terms, they will be allowed to terminate their services, and to permanent personnel proportionate benefits will be admissible.

(II) Any Indian Officers or other ranks it may be necessary to engage for service in the armed forces between now and the date of the transfer of power should be engaged under existing terms and conditions of service, with the option of resigning from the service, should they not wish to serve under any new terms or conditions which may be imposed by the new Dominion Governments.

(III) The liability for non-effective charges in respect of pensions, gratuities, annuities, etc., earned by Indian officers and other ranks of the three services prior to the transfer of authority to the new Dominion Governments will be undertaken by these Governments.

(IV) Except as demanded by the processes of reconstitution of the armed forces, there shall be no changes in the basic organisation and nomenclature of formations, units, establishments and installations of the three services, or in the class composition or units, until such reconstitution is completed.

(V) For the successful division of the armed forces, the services of a number of British officers now serving in them will be required. Therefore the implementation of the plan for complete nationalisation may take longer than was anticipated.

22 Ministers For Bengal

Governor's Call To Dr. Ghosh To Nominate Cabinet

CALCUTTA, July 1. (U.P.I.): The names of Ministers to look after the interests of West Bengal will be submitted to the Bengal Governor by Dr. Prafulla Ghosh to-morrow, it is learnt and they will be sworn in the day after.

The final list is to be made still, and it is learnt from Congress Parliamentary circles that the probable names are Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh Dr. Syama Prasad Mukherji, Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy, Mr. Hem Chandra Nashkar, Dr. Suresh Chandra Bannerjee, Mr. Charu Chandra Bhandari, Mr. Mohini Burman, Mr. Dhirendra Narayan Mukherji, Mr. Bimal Chandra Sinha, Mr. Kalipada Mookherji and Mr. Nikunja Behari. Maity. The panel will contain 11 names—equal to the present Muslim League Ministry's strength.

It is further learnt that Dr. Bidhan Chandra Roy will take charge on July 15.

On the question of constitutional status, West Bengal Ministers, it is learnt, will be full-fledged Ministers, but under the arrangement the only matters relating to eleven districts at present constituted West Bengal will be referred to them and final orders will be passed by the League Ministry after an endorsement by West Bengal Ministers. In case of disagreement, the entire Cabinet will meet.

BENGAL GOVERNOR'S BROADCAST

CALCUTTA, July 1, (A.P.I.): His Excellency the Governor of Bengal, Sir Frederick Burrows has outlined the arrangements that has been made for the Administration of Bengal until the transfer of power.

Broadcasting tonight the Governor said: The following arrangements have been made with the agreement of the leaders of the two major political parties here and in New Delhi for the Administration of the province during the short period that must elapse before partition takes place. Yesterday evening, I asked Dr. P. C. Ghosh, the Leader of the West Bengal Congress Parliamentary Party, to nominate a cabinet in respect of the non-Muslim majority part of the province. The persons so nominated will be sworn in as Ministers and will be entitled to participate in all meetings of the cabinet.

Bengal may thus have twenty two Ministers functioning during the short period between now and the transfer of power.

New President Of Tariff Board

BOMBAY, July 1. (A.P.I.): Mr. C. C. Desai, C.I.E., I.C.S., senior most member of the Indian Tariff Board, has succeeded Sir Shanmukhan Chetty as President of the Tariff Board with effect from July 1.

Build Up Free India

Sir Radhakrishnan's Appeal To States And Provinces

MADRAS, July 1, (A.P.I.): Sir S. Radhakrishnan, Vice-Chancellor of the Benares Hindu University, laying the foundation stone of the "Beasant Centenary Hostel" this evening said: "The scheme for division of the country is a great triumph for British political acumen. The Solomon-like decision to divide the country and to give to each of the two parts the status of a dominion received enthusiastic suport of Mr. Churchill and his followers."

Proceeding Sir Radhakrishnan deplored what he called the fissiparous tendencies in certain Indian states and said: "Lord Listowel said that the British do not contemplate the Indian states to be independent of the successor Governments. They are expected to join one of two Dominions. Some of them seem to glory in declarations of independence. When the National Congress has invited the states to share the privileges and responsibilities of freedom, it is surprising that some of the princes and their advisers feel that it is preferable to be subordinate to Britain than exercise co-ordinated authority in the Indian Union.

"Now that partition is an accomplished fact, it is for the representatives of the provinces and states" said Sir Radhakrishnan "to co-operate and build a free Indian society."

Peace Treaty With Japan

Signature In 12 Or 18 Months, Says MacArthur

TOKYO, June 30 (I. P. A.): The United States circles minimise Australian concern over the Japanese reappearance in the Antnrctic Whaling and on Angaur Island from Palau Group. Angaur was conquered by American blood and does not concern Australia. Angaur phosphate is necessary for Japanese food production. General MacArthur declares he is returning United States after signature of the Japanese Peace Treaty within a year, at the most in 18 months. Japan must, however, continue under Allied civilian supervision for one generation. United States must continue occupation of Ryukyu and Bonin Islands, which were the United States strategic frontier. The presence of United States Air Force over these islands would guarantee Japan against aggression. Japanese Premier Katayama stated the hope that the Allies, when drafting the Peace Treaty, would remember that Japan needed the territory for her overcrowded population.

COMMUNAL CLASH IN WARANGAL?

14 Injured: Police Reinforcements Sent From Hyderabad

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD, July 1.

Reports received from Warangal say that a communal clash occurred there resulting 14 persons receiving injuries including one police inspector and one constable. Condition of one of the injured is serious.

The local police is said to have brought the situation under control.

Cases of arson are also reported, four shops being completely gutted. Police re-inforcements have been despatched from Hyderabad to Warangal for aiding local police. Member in charge of Police and the Director-General of Police who had gone to Warangal returned to Hyderabad.

LAHORE AND AMRITSAR QUIET

LAHORE, July 1 (A.P.I.): Except for a small fire inside Bhati Gate, Lahore continues to be quiet and there has been no report of any incident on Tuesday, it is learnt from official quarters to-night.

AMRITSAR, July 1 (A.P.I.): Except for one case of arson in which a handloom factory was burnt outside Lahori Gate and an ineffectual explosion in Kucha Kathian no other incident took place in Amritsar to-day.

Two persons are reported to have been killed in the village of Mahal on Ramtrath Road last night. Three persons were injured in an explosion in Majithia, a small town in Amritsar District.

FEROZEPORE, June 30 A. P. I.): Eight live bombs are reported to have been found in the vicinity of Kasu Begu. Four of these were in a box and the rest were lying in the fields.

CALCUTTA INCIDENTS

CALCUTTA, July 1 (A.P.I.): There was marked improvement in the situation in Calcutta and only three incidents were reported during the day says a Bengal Government Press Note issued to-night.

Twelve arrests were made following a case of fatal assault in Chitpur area before midday. Belliaghatta and Manicktolla Police Stations reported two bomb attacks causing no casualty.

Howrah reported a serious bomb attack on a funeral party, causing the death of two persons and injuries to six others. One hundred and eighty-two persons were arrested on the spot.

Heavy collective fines amounting to Rs. 30,000 have been imposed on the inhabitants of certain localities in Bantra Police Station in connection with the shooting incident which occurred on June 27, and in which a member of the police force was involved.

Minorities Interests In Pakistan

Leaders To Hold Convention In Delhi

KARACHI, July 1. (A.P.I.): A convention of prominent leaders from Pakistan territory is likely to be held in New Delhi during the second week of July to consider minorities problems in the seceding areas and to formulate their demands and place them before the Congress High Command and the Indian Constituent Assembly meeting on July 15.

Dr. Choithram P. Gidwani, President of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee, sponsor of this convention in a statement to-day said: "It is significant to note that there has been no response from the Muslim League in regard to the proposal of holding a joint session of both the Indian and the Pakistan Constituent Assemblies for drawing up a charter for minority rights on reciprocal basis. Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan has asked the Muslims in Indian Union to attend the forthcoming session of Indian Constituent Assembly and demand their safeguards. Once the Indian Constituent Assembly which is generally believed to be generous to minorities decides the question of the minorities I apprehend that there will be almost no chance of any fair provision being made in the Pakistan Constituent Assembly for the minorities."

SIR C. P.'s 'INDEPENDENCE' CAMPAIGN?

TRIVANDRUM, July 1, (A.P.I.): A deputation of representatives of the All-India Rubber Growers Association waited on Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar, dewan to represent the difficulties of rubber growers in Travancore.

It is understood the Dewan informed the deputation that legislation parallel to the one passed in British India has just been introduced in Travancore to project the interest of rubber growers in the State. The Dewan assured the deputation that every protection would be given to the industry in case it encountered "any difficulties after August 15 when Travancore would become independent. If necessity arose Government would even go to extent of buying up all rubber produced in the State.

KHUDAI KHIDMATGARS WAIT ON FAKIR OF IPI

PESHAWAR, July 1, (U.P.I.): A deputation consisting of four Khudai Khidmatgars including Malik Abdul Akbar Ali and Salar Mohammad Yakub Khan members of the Frontier Assembly, returned to Bannu yesterday after seeing the Fakir of Ipi and offering condolence on the death of his brother, Sher Zaman.

One member of the deputation told the Fakir of Ipi to favour the boycott decision and ask the people to abstain from voting during the referendum.

Bombay Govt. Out To Protect Travelling Public

Warns Strikers That Railway Traffic Dislocation Would Affect City's Food Supply

BOMBAY, July 1 (A.P.I.): The acts of violence, serious inconvenience and hardship inflicted on the travelling public on the G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. Railways by certain sections of men of the railway workshops in the last four days has been engaging the urgent attention of the Government of Bombay, says a Press Note.

These men in the workshops are the employees of the Government of India, who alone are competent to consider the men's demands regarding pay, etc. But it is the primary concern of the Government of Bombay to maintain law and order and to afford protection to the travelling public against harassment and violence at the hands of unruly elements among the workshopmen.

The Government has, therefore, issued orders to the authorities concerned to give adequate protection to the travelling public against harassment and molestation.

Frequent dislocation of the train services is a menace to the regular supply of rations and other foodstuffs including milk and vegetables to the people of Bombay.

The Government of Bombay trusts that wiser counsels will prevail among the workshopmen, and that they will not allow themselves to be instigated to commit acts of lawlessness or violence, which would render them liable to dismissal also.

ROWDYISM CONTINUES

Armed Police Guard Railway Lines

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Today the second day of the lock-out of railwaymen and the fifth day since they declared a strike was marked by further acts of indiscipline, violence and rowdyism on the part of the locked-out workshopmen.

The pitch of hooliganism has reached such a height that today all upcountry railway traffic was dislocated.

Mails and other through trains did not come in till this afternoon.

Local trains on the G.I.P. trains were plying only between V.T and Lower Parel. Here two wagons were set on fire in the yard.

No trains were running on the main suburban line beyond Matunga and beyond Sewri on the Harbour Branch.

Between Sion and Dharavi there was severe stone-throwing this morning and trains were stopped by rowdies who severely assaulted the driver of a train. He was taken to hospital.

The lock-out in the four city workshops of the B.B & C.I and G.I.P Railways continues to-day.

Military are guarding the workshops and Armed Police are patrolling the G.I.P. Lines. Normal traffic is expected to be restored by the afternoon.

The traffic on the B.B. & C.I is not affected.

It is gathered that there was severe stone-throwing near Dadar also.

The authorities said that the extent of violence with which they were confronted left them no alternative but to suspend all traffic

OFFICIAL VERSION

A Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity, Bombay, at 12-45 P.M. to-day says:—

Members of the public travelling by G.I.P. Railway suburban trains were again this morning subjected to stone-throwing and serious inconvenience due to dislocation of services caused by violent sections of workshop men. These workers crowded on to trains and the lines between Dadar and Kurla and either threw stones at running trains or pulled the chains of trains and held up traffic. Later the trains were sought to be run under police escort.

On the B. B. and C. I. line, work shop men set fire to a coach at Mahalaxmi early this morning, but the fire was put out with the aid of mill operatives on their way to work. Suburban trains were also harassed by workshop men on the B. B. and C. I.

Incoming through trains on the G.I.P. Railway which were detained between Kurla and Kalyan, suburban stations, on account of the disturbances, arrived at Victoria Terminus, escorted by armed police in the afternoon. The arrivals were from three to four hours behind the schedule. Outgoing through trains also left in the afternoon a few hours behind the schedule.

Suburban services both on the G.I.P. and B. B. and C. I. Railways have been resumed.

POWER HOUSE WORKERS' STRIKE

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, July 1.

All the Chola (Kalyan) Power House workers of the G.I.P. Railway struck work to-day from the early morning. They are standing near the Thakurli Railway Station. Kalyan Railway Police have drafted a party of armed Police to meet any untoward incident.

B.B. & C.I. Union Chief's Version Of Strike

Mr. Shivbishalsingh Harpalsingn, M.L.A., President B. B. & C. I. Railwaymen's Union, in the course of a statement to the Press says:—

Following the directions of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation a joint Rally of Railwaymen was called in Bombay on June 27 to celebrate Railwaymen's Demands Day. No call for strike was given by any Union. Nevertheless the workers resorted to spontaneous strike on the morning of 27 June. After some excited persons had started throwing stones the police began indiscriminate firing and killed two workers from the B B & C. I Parel Workshop which was not till then on strike. The police also madly rushed into the workshop. Provoked by these events the workers of the B. B. & C. I. Parel Workshop also came out on strike.

The Union deeply regrets that during the unfortunate incidents of that day stones were thrown on the public and some members of the public were hurt.

JAI PRAKASH'S CALL TO RLY. STRIKERS

'Go Back To Work Immediately: Administrations Will Withdraw Lock-out'

NEW DELHI, July 1. (A.P.I.): Mr Jai Prakash Narayan, President of the Railwaymen's Federation, in a statement to-day has appealed to all the workers of the G.I.P. and B.B and C.I. Railway's to go back to work and wants the lock-out declared by the administrations should be immediately withdrawn.

The statement says:—

"Since I issued the statement from Patna on the basis of newspaper reports regarding the trouble in the Parel and Matunga workshops in Bombay, I have met my friend, Comrade Khedgikar, President of the G.I.P. Railwaymens Union. I am relieved to find from him that not only the G.I.P. Union had not called the workers to strike but it had persistently through handbills, posters and public meetings warned them against a strike. The Parel and Matunga Branches of the Union, which I now understand are not controlled by communists, had done likewise. The present trouble therefore seems to be instigated by groups that are interested in disrupting the Labour movement and in fomenting unnecessary civil disturbance.

"As the President of the Railwaymen's Federation, I appeal to all the workers of the G.I.P. and B.B. and C.I. Railway's to go back to work immediately and restore order and peace in their shops and lines. The lock-out declared by the administrations should, in these circumstances be immediately withdrawn. The case of the railway workers is in the hands of the Federation, and if there is any kind of action necessary for railwaymen of the country to enforce their demands, the Federation will give the call at the appropriate moment. Unless we all act in an organised and disciplined manner, we ourselves and the fine movement that railwaymen had built up, will suffer I trust the workers will heed my advice and be content to act through their accredited representatives and their unions."

INDIAN SUCCESSES IN WIMBLEDON SINGLES

LONDON, July 1, (Reuter): For the fourth successive day, rain was threatening when play as continued in the Wimbledon Lawn Tennis Championships today. The sky was overcast and thunder storms looked in evidence.

Chief interest today is who will reach the semi-finals of the Women's Singles because all the quarter-final matches will be decided. The men played their quarter-final matches yesterday and they are not engaged today in Singles Matches.

CLOTH CONTROL

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Inquiries made at the Millowners Association, Bombay, showed that there is no definite information of any kind, regarding the talks proceeding at Delhi on the future of cloth control.

A spokesman of the Association characterised the reports from Delhi as "purely speculative."

D. F. Karaka: Off My Chest

An Associated Press of India message, which made headlines in yesterday's evening papers, read as follows:

KURNOOL, June 30 (A.P.I.): Mr. D. F. Karaka created a sensation here this afternoon when he stretched himself on the rails in front of an engine at the railway station and obstructed the Dronachalam Secunderabad passenger, in which he was travelling by first class along with Mr. Stewart, Manager of the Secunderabad Race Club.

It is alleged that Mr. Stewart had his two dogs in the same compartment. Mr. Karaka objected to the dogs in the compartment but Mr. Stewart refused to have them removed. The matter was brought to the notice of railway officials whose intervention could not produce any solution.

On the guard giving the signal for the train to start, Mr. Karaka again objected and did not allow the train to proceed. He then lay in front of the engine. The Station Master got into communication on telephone with the railway authorities at Secunderabad, who instructed him to have the dogs removed to the break-van.

Mr. Karaka and Mr Stewart then continued their journey in the same compartment.

After reading the above I must state for the benefit of my readers that.

(1) I have never in my life been to Kurnool.

(2) I have never seen Mr Stewart, much less his dogs.

(3) I have slept in many odd places but never on railway lines.

(4) I have not yet gone on a he-down, a sit-down or stand-up strike.

As the A.P.I. started this nonsense, I am awaiting some explanation from them.

May be there is another D. F. Karaka. I should have thought one was enough.

A.P.I. Apologises For Kurnool Hoax

BOMBAY, July 1. (A.P.I.).

With reference to an A.P.I. Kurnool message in which Mr. D. F. Karaka is reported to have stretched himself on the rails in front of an engine, Mr. Karaka denies the incident and says he has not been to Kurnool nor has he met Mr Stewart who was mentioned in the report.

It is regretted that embarrassment should have been caused to Mr. Karaka by the circulation of such a report which has since been cancelled.

Russian Translation Of "Ramayana"

MOSCOW, July 1 (Reuter): Arrangements are nearing completion for the publication of a Russian translation in verse form of Tulsi Das' Ramayana. The translation, which has been done by Academician A Barannikov, a leading Soviet Indologist, represents the first attempt ever made in Europe to translate the work in verse straight from the original.

STERLING IS 'HARD CURRENCY' IN EGYPT

CAIRO July 1. (Reuter): Mohamed El Darwiche Bey, Under-Secretary for Finance, and Sir Frederick Leith Ross, Governor of the National Bank of Egypt to-day announced Egyptian banks that from to-day sterling was to be considered "hard currency" in Egypt and all sterling credits were to be treated like other hard currencies.

An order must now be obtained from the Ministry of Finance for converting Egyptian currency into sterling—a precautionary measure taken to avoid financial complications during the next fortnight.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

REVISED RATION QUANTUM

FOODGRAINS RATION QUANTUM has been revised as follows with effect from June 29, 1947:—

Total Cereal Ration.	Per Adult (2 Foodgrains Units).	Per Child (1 Foodgrains Unit).	Per Heavy Manual Labourers' Supplementary card of one unit.
Total Cereal Ration	3 1/8 seers	1 9/16 seers	1 seer
Maximum available in Rice (of any variety).	1 seer	1/2 seer	1 4 seer.
Maximum available in Wheat ration* (wheat-grains or flour).	5-8 seer	5/16 seer	1/8 seer
Maximum available in Jowar (Local).	1/2 seer	1 4 seer	—
Maximum available in Milo.	1 1/2 seers	3/4 seer	3 8 seer
Maximum combination of Local Jowar and Milo.	1 1/2 seers	3/4 seer	3 8 seer
Maximum available in Maize	3 1/8 seers	1 9/16 seers	1 seer
Maximum available in Barley.	3 1/8 seers	1 9/16 seers	1 seer

*1 seer of wheat ration is equivalent to one Bread Ticket of one unit

1 Unit of Bread Ticket is equivalent to 28 ozs. of bread per week

Bread Tickets are not issued against fractions of seers of wheat ration.

N.B.:—Consumers of bread will be allowed to obtain a bread ticket of one unit against each two-unit foodgrains ration card, PROVIDED THE 3/8 SEER BY WHICH THE WHEAT RATION FALLS SHORT OF ONE SEER IS SURRENDERED FROM THE RICE RATION

Persons choosing to take wheatgrains or flour as well as bread tickets will have to do so within their wheat ration; but when bread is obtained in all the adult ration cards and only one child's card is remaining wheatgrains or flour may be obtained on the child's card

C. R. Reddi Advocates Negative Vote

"Provision Without It Is Logically Absurd & Politically Mischievous"

CHITTOOR, June 30 (API).—"A referendum without the provision for a negative vote is logically absurd and politically mischievous", says Sir C. Ramalinga Reddi, Vice-Chancellor of Andhra University, in a statement to the press on the proposed referendum in the frontier.

He asks why should the people of the Frontier be obliged to choose between Pakistan and Hindustan while there is a previous question whether or not they are opposed to both "stans" to be settled?

Sir C. R. Reddi says the boycott of elections, so often indulged in by the Congress, failed to carry conviction because of the complexity of motives and grounds which might have led to non-co-operation. Further, such a method was not effective. Nobody could measure the extent of opposition and its degree by mere absence of voting or other passive methods. Something active, concrete, definite measurable and countable is required to show how many opposed and how many approved. This is provided for by what is called the "negative vote" in some countries of eastern Europe which westerners are fond of deriving as entirely undemocratic, for instance in the current constitution of Poland, a voter can record a mere negative or "no" and put that ballot into the box. The count will reveal how many for this candidate or the other, how many for this policy or the other and how many objected in toto to both.

Sir C. R. Reddi adds that the Constituent Assembly now functioning and the Government of India are well provided with able lawyers and constitutionalists. He feel they must have informed the Viceroy of the currency in some modern constitutions of the negative vote and its political significance as an indispensable factor in the accurate measurement of opinion, without which "democracy is liable to become a snare, a delusion, a fraud and frightfulness."

He wonders why Lord Mountbatten, "a pattern of high integrity", has not included the negative vote in the referendum he has ordered. The Viceroy knows that the negative vote is not either indifference or neutrality but active energetic opinion.

"Can he not provide for it at least now in the referendum under way and prevent bloodshed? Is it too late for even—handed justice and the holding of scales even?"

SRI RAMANASRAMAM TIRUVANNAMALAI

Sri Ramanasramam at Tiruvannamalai has not appointed agents or servants for the purpose of collection of funds or other materials on its behalf. To guard themselves against any designing individuals or associations assuming such a role and imposing themselves on the innocent public purporting to act on behalf of or as interested in the Ramanasramam, all are hereby informed that no one should make any appeals openly or in private in the name of Baghavan Sri Ramanamaharishi and the Asram or as being interested in them, for the purpose of conducting any celebrations or in alleged furtherance of the interests of Asram.

The Sri Ramanasramam which is the abode of Baghavan Sri Ramanamaharishi at Tiruvannamalai is under the management of the undersigned and all devotees, wherever they are, as might be interested in doing anything in devotion to Sri Baghavan and in the interest of the Asram would do well to have direct dealings with him.

NIRANJANANANDA SWAMY.
Sarvadhikari.

ACHUT PATWARDHAN TO VISIT CONTINENT

Studying "Socialism At First Hand"

LONDON, June 30, (IPA): Achut Patwardhan, Secretary Socialist Party India, arrived in London last night from Holland where he been visiting with his sister for medical treatment for the latter. He will spend about two weeks in Britain studying Socialist Movement and acquainting himself with Trade Union affairs.

He hopes thereafter to visit the Continent and study socialism at first hand in France, Italy, Czechoslovakia and also if possible, to visit Russia and Eastern European countries for the same purpose.

Achut Patwardhan stated that the Indian Socialist Party now after reorganisation and consolidation was looking abroad though their approach to European socialism would be cautious in view of imperialistic background of many Western European countries. Socialist Party in India was even more interested in Asian socialism, though Achut Patwardhan could not tell I.P.A. Correspondent when exactly the projected Asian Socialist Conference was likely to take place.

He will be contacting important figures in British socialist movement including members of Government, Messrs. Palme Dutt, Fenner Brockway and other well-known Socialist leaders.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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3. Conditions of sale, the method and last date of tendering.
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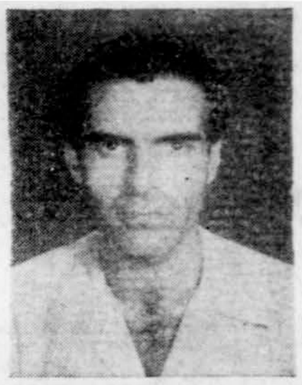
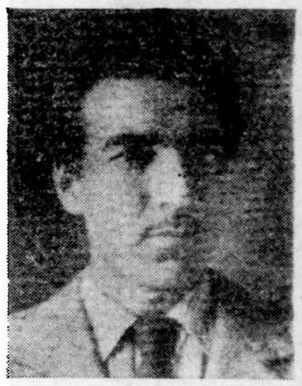
Issued by the Directorate-General of Disposals, Industries and Supplies Department, New Delhi.

Exiled Afghan Princes

Prince Ghulam Ahmed Khan.



Prince Ali Mohamed Khan.



Prince Fakir Ahmed Khan.

Prince Fazal Ahmed Khan.

Pathanistan And Afghanistan

Exiled Princes Warn Frontier Pathans Not To Be Misled By Afghan Premier's Call

(The following public statement has been issued by Princes Ghulam Ahmed Khan, Ali Mohamed Khan, Fakir Ahmer Khan and Fazal Ahmed Khan, sons of Prince Ali Ahmed Jan, late Governor of Kabul. These brothers, and their aged mother and their wives and children were detained by the Government of India for over five years from June 1941 to July 1946 as State prisoners in Karwar Sub-Jail under Regulation III of Bengal 1818 and recently released on the initiative of the Interim Central Government)

We have carefully perused the statement of Sardar Mahomed Hashim Khan, the Prime Minister of Afganistan, which he gave to the Associated Press of India on 22nd June, 1947 during his recent visit to Bombay on his way to Kabul from Europe. Replying to a question about the attitude of Afghanistan to the demand of Pathanistan he said, "We are of the same race and the land forms part of our —mother country. As such we desire that one of our representatives should be there at the time of referendum to be held in the Frontier shortly."

It is on account of the underlying mischief concealed in this statement that we have thought it necessary to warn our Indian and Pathan brothers.

PAST RECORD OF AFGHANISTAN

Let us examine the past of Mahomed Hashim Khan. For the last 18 years he is Premier of Afghanistan. Whenever Pathans have struggled for their freedom and faced mentally inhuman harassment by British air bombardment and tank gun-fires, the Government of Hashim Khan has always chosen to be silent. Thousands of Pathans in free tribal areas have lost their lives, lands, properties as against the aggrandising policy of the British Government. The Afridis were sought to be subjugated and the British Army overran Khajuri Maidans: the Mahomedans defended their lands and sacrificed their lives against British invaders; the Fakir Saheb of Ipi, the people of Waziristan, the Mahsuds fought again and again for their basic democracy and freedom from British tutelage. Pathan blood coloured the Frontier lands red and there was hardly a household left which did not bemoan the loss of a valiant son who gave his life for freedom. But the voice of Mahomed Hashim Khan was never heard, demanding a representative of the Afghan Government to inquire into the calamities that were befalling the Pathans. The idea of one land in one race has never inspired him to voice Afghan objectives to the slavery with which the British have consistently tried to reduce the Pathan lands.

AUTOCRACY IN AFGHANISTAN

Islam has awakened to the slavery imposed by the British. We appeal to our Indian and Pathan brothers—in Pakistan or in Hindusthan—to unite and overthrow all influence of the British in Pathan land, including Afghanistan.

We would welcome a free Pathan land, but before Afghanistan can take lead in uniting Pathans, let Afghanistan herself be perged of autocracy. Let the Government in Afghanistan face the people of Afghanistan and restore civil liberties, the freedom of speech and press, before we can have faith in its "bona fides". It is the freedom of all Pathans at stake in the Frontier Province because a progressive Frontier land would perforce accelerate the progress of Afghanistan also.

Pathans of the same blood and race shall combine one day and achieve their freedom on the democratic road pointed out by Islam.

A NOTE OF WARNING

In the meanwhile, we sound a warning that Hashim Khan's demand for a representative at the referendum is a thin and of the wedge of the policy of reaction and autocracy.

Our Indian and Pathan brothers, BEWARE!

WINE AND GASOLINE RESPONSIBLE FOR BAD FRENCH DRIVERS

PARIS, June 30 (A.P.A.): There appear to be several answers to an old question people are asking today: "Why is the Frenchman such a poor car driver?"

Before the war, one answered that "all the French are individualists." Now, many say, drivers who brought their cars out from wartime storage and still cannot afford the price of scarce gasoline (up to dol. 2 United States per gallon) "need practice."

However, a gendarme directing traffic at a busy intersection offers this explanation:

"Frenchmen actually are not bad drivers—that is except for an hour or two in the middle of the afternoon, that is right after lunch. And most people who can afford an automobile can afford a bottle of wine for lunch. And wine, and gaoline, well—you know."

U. S. Policy In Mid-East Suffers From Indecision

NEW YORK, June 30, (UPA): Senator Claude Pepper writing in the current issue of the magazine 'Record" — published by the American Jewish Conference — declared today that the United States policy in the Middle East suffers because of indecision. "but on the other hand it is reassuring to the Jews who have their eyes turned toward Palestine."

Pepper, who titled his article 'Oil—the Creator of the Middle East Vacuum said, "But there is another side to the American policy that in the name of desperate and grim thirst for oil denies these humanitarian objectives.

It mentioned the case referred to the United Nations and asked, "Will the United States cast its weight on the side of justice or will it support oil imperialism before the United Nations Assembly meeting in September."

The answer is in the hands of the American people who should know how American money is being spent in defence of the Mid-Eastern oil interests said concluding that the United Nations must examine the strategic and economic issues which are behind the conflict in the Middle East — principal access to oil — and make a supreme effort to reconcile the views of the fundamental needs of all the powers in this area."

Arab League Head Confers With U. S. Officials

WASHINGTON June 30 (UPA): Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, Secretary General of the Arab League told the United Press regarding his talks with U. S. officials today that "the more they understand the actual needs of the Army communities, the more they will co-operate with us."

Azzam, who conferred with Generals Marshall and Eisenhower Admiral Nimitz and other prominent persons, said he believed he had considerably clarified the Arab viewpoint in the minds of American officialdom. He said however, that he did not wish to comment directly on these talks since he felt that to be the prerogative of the American officials.

Azzam said he will probably remain in Washington until early next week when he hopes to arrange a ship passage either to London or Egypt. He said that if he feels he can help in presenting the Arab viewpoint to British officials, he will visit London for an undetermined period.

Constitutional Tangle In Bengal

Prafulla Ghosh Confers With Congressmen

CALCUTTA, July 1 (U.P.I.): The West Bengal Congress Parliamentary Party at a meeting held yesterday discussed the current constitutional tangle in Bengal Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, Leader of the Party who returned to Calcutta yesterday by air from Delhi is understood to have explained to the party a chain of events since his election as Leader.

It is learnt that some suggestions made by the Bengal Governor to Dr. Ghosh after his election as Leader of the Party were taken to Delhi for consideration of the Congress High Command. The Congress High Command made some alterations and evolved a formula acceptable to the Congress. The document is understood to have been explained at yesterday's meeting by Dr Ghosh.

Governor Inspects Scout Contingent

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, this afternoon inspected the Indian Scout Contingent for the International Jamboree in France at the St. Xavier's School Grounds.

The scouts were introduced to the Governor by Rao Bahadur G.T.J. Thaddaeus, leader of the Contingent.

The Contingent of about 150 Boy Scouts have been in Bombay during the last two days. They are leaving for the United Kingdom to-morrow (Wednesday), by the H. T. "Alcantra".

"You are 150 ambassadors of India; show to other scouts by your conduct the greatness of the country you represent," said Sir John Colville, who is the Chief Scout of the Bombay Scouts Association, addressing the Contingent after the inspection. The Governor wished the Contingent 'bon voyage'.

Mr. B. G. Kher Prime Minister of Bombay, inspected the Scouts this morning at the Queen's Barracks, where they have been staying. Mr. Kher, addressing the Scouts, stressed the need for a single Scout movement in India instead of the present two.

SIND ORDINANCE

Discontent Among Merchants

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, June 30.

Much commotion still prevails amongst the local mercantile community since the issue of Ordinances by the Sind Government freezing certain goods and requisitioning movable and immovable properties in connection with the establishment of Karachi as the headquarters of Pakistan Dominion.

These Ordinances have, besides, created a very adverse effect on the local money market with the result that a number of well-known big firms dealing particularly in cottons have closed their doors during the past week and some others are stated to be in the course of following suit soon. This was probably the result of people withdrawing their monies from here and transferring to Hindusthan areas to the extent of Rs. 8 crores or more. Besides, a large part of the jewellery and ornaments deposited in the local Safe Deposit Vault has also been withdrawn and sent away. Prior to this, a number of shroffs and contractors of Sukkur had also closed their doors resulting in the loss of lakhs of rupees to the populace.

As for the building owners, who were assured by the Sind Government in the previous Assembly Sessions that not only their new buildings would not be requisitioned but they would be given every facility to put-up new constructions, are now much perturbed since both these assurances stand withdrawn by the promulgation of the new Ordinances. This has resulted in all kinds of building activities being stopped entirely till better conditions return. This has acted very adversely on the morale of the people who are already hard-up for residential accommodation and as many as 3047 applications are to-day pending before the local Rent Controller asking for a shelter.

The Buyers and Shippers Chamber, a representative body of the local mercantile community has also strongly protested against these Ordinances and sent a representation to the Muslim League Government asking their early withdrawal.

Arrested On Rash Driving Charge

The Police arrested Ralph Mowle on Monday at Marine Drive on a charge of rash and negligent driving and causing hurt.

It was stated that on Monday night at 10-30 p.m. the accused after having some drinks in a hotel drove his car along Marine Drive from South to North in a rash and negligent manner.

As a result the accused's car dashed against the bench near the Police Cabin at Marine drive and the person sitting on it was knocked down and injured. The car proceeded further and knocked down a road side tree.

Mr. Oscar H Brown Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, ordered the accused to be released on bail.

School Boy Fatally Knocked Down By Car

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

While crossing the Girgaum Road along with another friend, Davendranath Amarnath, a school boy, was knocked down and killed yesterday afternoon by a motor car near Opera House.

The police stated that Amarnath and another schoolboy, tried to dash across Girgaum Road, together. At the sound of the car, which was coming from Opera House side, his friend stopped in time, but Amarnath who tried to continue was hit violently. He died of a fractured skull at the J. J. Hospital last night.

GOPICHAND BHARGAVA NOMINATED LEADER OF EAST PUNJAB CONGRESS ASSEMBLY PARTY

NEW DELHI, July 1, (API): The following statement has been issued by Acharya Kripalani, President of the Indian National Congress and Chairman of the Central Parliamentary Board of the Congress, with regard to matters arising out of the partition of the Punjab.—

The Congress members of the Legislative Assembly from East Punjab met in Delhi on June 29 to elect the leader of their party in the Assembly and suggest names for the membership of the Indian Constituent Assembly.

They unanimously decided to leave the selection of the leader of the party to the Parliamentary Board of the Indian National Congress. The selection of names of candidates for the two Constituent Assemblies from the East and West Punjab was also left to the Parliamentary Board.

The Parliamentary Board considered both these matters at its meeting held yesterday June 30, and decided that Dr. Gopichand Bhargava be the leader of the East Punjab Congress Assembly Party. The Board has also asked the following gentlemen to file their nomination papers for the Indian Constituent Assembly before July 1947:

East Punjab (General)

1. Bakhshi Sir Tek Chand. 2. Pandit Thakar Das Bhargava. 3. Dewan Chamanlal. 4. Mr. Sukram Lal Sondhi. 5. Chaudhri Ranbir Singh. 6. Principal Ram Das (Scheduled Caste) East Punjab (Sikh) 7 Giani Gurmukh Singh Musafar

As the Congress Assembly memoer from the West Punjab could not meet on June 29 due to short notice and as the time for the nomination of candidates to the Pakistan Constituent Assembly was short, the Central Parliamentary Board has selected the following members to file their nomination papers as Congress candidates for the Pakistan Constituent Assembly before July 2, 1947.

West Punjab (General).

1. Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar. 2. Mr Avtar Narain. 3. (to be announced later).

DR. BARGAWA TO MEET PUNJAB GOVERNOR

LAHORE, July 1 (U.P.I.): Swift and significant administrative changes in the immediate and future governance of the province were foreshadowed yesterday by informed Congress circles consequent upon the election of Dr. Gopichand Bhargawa as leader of Eastern Punjab.

It may be recalled that a meeting of Eastern Punjab Congress M.L.A.'s was held yesterday at Delhi to elect a leader of the party but at the proposal of Sardar Inder Singh it was unanimously decided to leave the election to the Central Parliamentary Board. It is reliably learnt that the Board decided in favour of Dr. Gopichand Bhargawa and the decision, it is further learnt, will be communicated to the Punjab Governor.

It is expected that Dr. Gopichand Bhargawa will soon meet the Punjab Governor and discuss steps to be taken to find a 'via media' to resolve the Section 93 rule pending the final and formal establishment of two provinces by August 15 keeping in view the present and future set up of administration. It is likely to have two advisers—one for Eastern and other for Western Punjab till they can function as popular ministries. The final decision in this regard will be taken after Dr. Gopichand Bhargawa met the Governor and had further discussion with the Congress High Command.

Dutch Snell Indonesian Position, Commmique Claims

BATAVIA June 30 (UPA): An Indonesian Army communique said today that Dutch forces shelled several points in the Modjoberto area, 25 miles west of Soerabaya during the past two days.

The Communique said that Dutch and Indonesian units clashed at a village near Soerabaya and Dutch air activity had been reported over Western and Eastern Java.

ARE YOU TURNING PURPLE?

If so you should know the truth. This is not a new form of Jaundice—neither does it mean that you have taken an overdose of Mepachrine—it is much more serious and may indeed prove fatal—and NO DOCTOR can help you—BUT there IS a cure that a full knowledge of your complaint will give you. This can only be obtained by booking seats for one of Four Special Performances of Arthur Koestler's Play "TWILIGHT BAR" to be presented by the INDIAN NATIONAL THEATRE (English Section) at St. Xavier's Hall, on July 5th, 6th 7th and 8th at 6-30 prompt. Regain your normal healthy appearance and book your seats at the Chicago Radio and Telephone Co. Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay.

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HEAVY LONG LIQUIDATION RESULTS IN SHARP DECLINE IN BULLION MARKET

Absence Of Rain Pushes Up Produce Quotations

BOMBAY, July 1.

The cotton market was fairly steady with modest business passing. The market being open for one hour there was routine business and traders were inclined to await tenders against July contract tomorrow.

At the opening September delivery was quoted at Rs. 448/8 and improved at Rs. 449/4 on moderate buying and scattered short covering. At this level there appeared some selling and September was quoted at Rs. 449.

September delivery advanced at Rs 450/4 on moderate buying and the market closed at 2 p.m. as under:—

I. C. C. July 436 8 0
I. C. C. September 449 14 0

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, July 1.

The local Bullion Market was quiet today on moderate long liquidation by a section of operators but on the whole there seems to be no reason for any drastic decline. There are no fresh imports and in the absence of arrivals statistical outlook will remain firm. However the recent liquidation has improved the technical position of the market

Ready Silver opened today at Rs. 174 and declined at Rs. 173 at moderate profit-taking but recovered at Rs. 173/10 under better support.

Ashad delivery Gold opened today at Rs. 113/4 and declined at Rs. 112/8 on general realising but recovered at Rs. 113/2 on renewed buying. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 113/8 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 73/8

Later on there was increased selling and Silver declined at Rs. 172/8 and Gold was quoted at Rs. 112/6. Final quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver 172 8 0
Ready Gold 111 12 0
Ashad Delivery 112 6 0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 1.

The produce market was steady with moderate business passing. The delay of rains is causing anxiety and sellers are cautious. It is said that the Nizam State has imposed export duty on oilseeds from 20 to 50 per cent but we have no official confirmation.

Castorseeds September delivery opened at Rs. 146/8 and improved at Rs. 146/14. Ready Bombay business was reported at Rs. 32/3 and Cawnpore Bold were quoted at Rs. 30. Castorseed Oil first pressing was quoted at Rs. 21 while commercial quality was placed at Rs. 19.

Linseed was steady and some offices covered their requirements at Rs. 29 owing to absence of arrivals. July-August delivery business was reported at Rs. 28/11 and September was quoted at Rs. 28/12. Linseed Oil was quoted at Rs. 19/8.

Groundnuts Khandesh quality were quoted at Rs. 33/8 and Coromandal and Bold were placed at Rs. 32/8. New crop November-December were quoted at Rs. 30/4. Groundnut Oil July Rs. 19/11, August Rs. 19/12 and September was quoted at Rs. 20.

Later on there was active buying and Casterseeds September delivery enhanced at Rs. 147/9.

NEW YORK SILVER QUOTED AT 62-3/4 CENTS PER OUNCE.

NEW YORK, June 30 (U. P. A.): The price of silver was quoted at 62-3/4 cents per ounce on the New York market today marking an increase of one cent per ounce from the previous price level.

The rise reflected improved demand on the news of the recent Mexican Government inquiries for 2,000,000 ounces of silver for coinage.

The volume of business transacted was estimated at between 200,000 and 400,000 ounces.

LONDON SILVER UP THREE FARTHINGS TO 38 PENCE.

LONDON, June 30 (U. P. A.): The price of silver was up three farthings on the London market today to 38 pence per ounce both in the case of spot and forward.

Brokers reported a small amount of business was done with a "little more buying than was usual recently."

GOLD PRICES HIT NEW HIGH ON MEXICAN MARKET.

MEXICO CITY, June 30 (U. P. A.): All types of gold hit a new high of 4.17 at the end of the week. The market was active throughout the week. Silver prices were unchanged at 1.01.

EXPORT IMPORT BANK HAS EARMARKED DOL. 100,000,000 AS CREDIT FOR INDONESIA

WASHINGTON, June 30, (UPA): An Export Import Bank source today said that the Bank still has earmarked 100,000,000 dollars as credit for Indonesia when the situation improves. The source said that this credit had originally been earmarked in September 1945 but soon afterwards the situation deteriorated there.

This statement was made in reference to the recent U. S. note to the Indonesian and Dutch authorities holding out hope for credit if they get together.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

CHICAGO, June 30.

Chicago grains were strong attributed to the strength of the North-West cash wheat market and further heavy rains in the maize and oats belts which resulted in a sharp curtailment of producers offerings. Hedge lifting against sales of wheat to the C.C.C. and mill covering against flour sales for export were also helpful. The C.C.C. Kansas city office purchased 2,210,000 bushels of wheat for export last Saturday. Over the weekend. India bought 12,000 tons of 80 per cent extraction flour shipment during the first half of August.

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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, June 30.

Dull conditions were noticeable throughout the house although here and there, there was a slight late rally with some cessation of selling pressure. Giltedged securities after half-point losses rallied 1/16 and oils after another bout of profit-taking closed steadier to turn harder than they had been. Industrials however generally finished around lowest of the day and European bonds tended to lower throughout as a result of the Paris talks hitch. Brazilian rails eased Little was taken in either Kaffirs or coppers which moved against holders more specially copper. Little business passed in commodity sections where the tone was irregular.

90 PER CENT RISE IN U. S. GOLD PRODUCTION

NEW YORK, June 30, (UPA): The American Bureau of Metal Statistics today reported a 90 per cent increase in the U. S. gold production during the first four months of this year compare with the same period last year.

The production was reported at 709,751 ounces compared with 362,000 ounces last year. It is considered likely that this output will continue for the balance of the year which would give a total of 2,200,000 ounces.

Even this increase in output however would still be only half of the pre-war production. America's rising production is not matched by Canada and South Africa both of which showed a drop in the first four months of 1947 compared with the same period last year. The production in Canada dropped 2,300,000 dollars in value from the same period of 1946 while South Africa showed a drop of 600,000 ounces.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET EXTREMELY DULL

LONDON, June 30, (UPA): Extremely dull conditions prevailed during today's session of the London pepper market. White pepper was quoted at 2/3-1/2 and black at 1/5-1/2.

START OF VACATION SLACKENS TRADING ON WORTH STREET

NEW YORK, June 30, (UPA): The start of summer vacations throughout the trade slackened dealing somewhat, but the trend for lower prices again was evident and where prices were reduced, buyers were numerous regardless of the quality of the material offered. Sheetings continued to be the market feature on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today.

SAVAR KUNDLA MARKETS

SAVAR KUNDLA, July 1.

Today's rates were as under:—

Kapasia 152; Bales of 2003 16/12; ghee fine 110 Mandavi 5/7 Magadi 5/3 Mag 18/1.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, June 30.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. S. 103 June-July.

WALL STREET MARKET IRREGULAR

NEW YORK, June 30.

The stock market trend is still indecisive and prices marked time in sluggish and mostly professional trading with interest centred around labour developments. Mixed changes were mostly fractional and gains of which leading oils farm implements, wetstocks, chemicals, steels, motors and rubbers featured in a slight majority. The market continued to maintain its balance notwithstanding nervousness on the chances of a coal strike when miners' holidays end, on July 7 and reports of demanding in industrial operations with steel output 72 per cent.

Selling pressure has been limited and absorbed by professional buying and some mid-year reinvestment demand which is expected to figure more prominently, should the labour picture develop a more encouraging aspect. Rails lagged today with the report that freight rate increases of 15 to 25 per cent will be sought attracting negligible interest. There was little change in late dealings and the composite average rate finished showing a small gain. The market closed irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

American Telephone and Telegraph	156-7/8
Amerex Holding Co.	28-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	34-7/8
Chase National Bank	34-5/8
Sinclair Oil	15-3/4
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co	47-1/4
General Electric Co.	35-1/2
General Motors	59
Ingersol Rand (bid)	113-3/4
International Nickel	30-3/4
National City Bank of New York	39-1/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.	13-3/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-3/8
Texas Corporation	64-1/4
Union Carbon and Carbide	105-7/8
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	46
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	66-1/4
Western Union Telegraph	20

NEW YORK PRODUCE PRICES

NEW YORK, June 30, (UPA): The following were closing prices of seeds on the New York Produce Market today:

White Pepper	47 asked
White pepper	a47 asked
Castorseed	170 dollars
Cottonseed	90 to 110
Flaxseed	6 dollars
Linseed oil	30.4 to 30.9
Peanuts	20-1/2 to 21

In the black pepper futures market, prices closed unchanged to 200 higher with no sales reported. Meanwhile, activity in the spotmarket was featureless. A spot shipment of black pepper was quoted nominally at 32. White pepper remained unchanged at 47 nom. Closing prices included: July 32 nom. September 30 bid; October, December, January 29 bid; March, May 27 nom.

RAMESH WARAM TEMPLE THROWN OPEN

Madras Premier Leads Party Of Harijans

RAMESHWARAM, June 30 (API).—Mr. Sivashanmugham Pillai, Speaker of the Madras Legislative Assembly, Mr. Kumarayya, Minister, and Mr. V I. Muniswami Pillai, ex-Minister, accompanied by the Premier, led a party of Harijans this evening into the Rameswaram temple amidst great jubilation where they had 'darshan' of Sree Ramanathaswami and Goddess Parvadavardhani Amman.

The Harijan leaders and the Premier were accorded a reception by the Rameswaram temple entry reception committee on arrival led by Mr. A. R. Somnathan Chettiar, Junior Devakottah Zamindar and hereditary member of the Rameswaram Devasthanam Committee.

Mahatma Gandhi has sent the following message from New Delhi to the Speaker, Mr. Sivashanmungham Pillai: "Glad Rameswaram and other temples are being opened to Harijans Hope internal cleansing will follow."

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari in a message to the Premier says "Hope you will personally inaugurate the historic function of placing the Harijans before God at Rameswaram in equal standing with the rest of the Hindus. This completes the programme of temple entry in the South. May God bless you all."

MYSORE IRON AND STEEL WORKS' ENTERPRISE

OSLO, July 1, (I. P. A.): The newspaper "Aftenposten" reports that the Mysore Iron and Steel Works (India) has concluded a contract with the Norwegan manufacturing concern. Norsk Elektrokemisk. The firm is to supply two Tysland—Hole electric furnaces, each of 13,000 K. V. A., and to be responsible for designing building and starting a new plant which will increase the Mysore Works' capacity from 50 to 200 tons a day Work expected to take three years.

C. P. AND BERAR TO HAVE "HOME GUARDS"

NAGPUR, June 30, (A. P. I.): Home Guards in the Central Provinces and Berar will be inaugurated on August 15. It is officially stated that the rules have been framed in regard to this new organisation. After preliminary probationary training lasting one month or six weeks final selection will be made out of the candidates by September 15. Full intensive training for two months in a camp will then be given to these Home Guards.

Short Covering And Mills Buying In N.Y. Cotton Market

Wet June Unfavourable For Cotton Crop

NEW YORK, June 30, (U. P. A.): Quiet trading featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange, with dealers holding back commitments awaiting a clear picture of the labour situation. There were influences both ways in the early dealings with prices being higher on short covering in the July position and mill buying against textile sales, and lower in the late months on scattered liquidation. However, the market finished on a firm note with belated short covering and mill buying offsetting liquidation attempts by others. The list finished three to eleven higher. The buying in July was influenced by a 12 point rise in the mid-June parity price over the May figure which was announced after the close of the market on Friday. Reports of continued favourable weather around most of the cotton belt induced selling also. Around noon the short covering continued and prices moved up to the best levels of the day following reports from Washington that the U. S. Army had agreed that 70 per cent of the purchases of American cotton would be sent to Japan. Recently Southern Senators had requested that foreign countries obtaining loans here must buy 80 per cent of their cotton supplies from the U. S. The latest announcement from Washington on the heels of the report that Japanese textile mills need 350,000 bales of cotton by October first is that of this total some 50,000 bales must be old crop cotton.

HIGHER OPENING.

During today's session the list opened 15 higher to first lower but when the effects of the parity price became noticeable liquidation dwindled and prices moved upward. The parity price rise was mostly in line with the expectations of dealers. Also influencing the market was the spreading concern over weevil damage and shrinking crop ideas. According to other quarters, "wet June is proverbially unfavourable for cotton and crop ideas have shrunk considerably." Rains have aggravated the situation because if the coming crop is another small one, then the current supplies have a premium value. Traders remark that if the coming crop is 12,000,000 bales then the supply next season will be less than 15,000,000 bales.

Market observers were also concerned over the July curtailment by the textile industry for vacation schedules. However, according to another trade source "we expect a further advance this week."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 30	
July	37.62+09
October	32.79+03
December	31.80+11
January	31.35+12
March	31.26+05
May	30.79+04
Middling Spot	38.14—01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 30	
July	37.40—01
October	32.75+10
December	31.86+18
March	31.34+29
May	30.75+20
Middling Spot	37.15—25

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, June 30

July 2.19.
September 2.16.
December 2.16.
May 2.12-3/.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 30.

Consols 2-1/2 pc	91-1/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	110-1/2
War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	108-1/8
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	116-1/2
Victory Bonds 4 pc	119
Chartered Bank of I A and China	13-1/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	110-1/8
National Bank of India	37-1/4

LONDON BULLION.

London, June 30.

Silver Spot	38 pence.
Silver Forward	38 pence.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, June 30.

T. T. London on:— New York selling 4.0275, buying 4.0325. Madrid 44.00. Montreal selling 4.0275, buying 4.0625. Zurich selling 17.34, buying 17.36. Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50.

Baluchistan And Pakistan

Entry Should Be Conditional Says Muslim Association Secy.

QUETTA, July 1 (U.P.I.): The General Secretary of the local Muslim Association has described Baluchistan's entry into the Pakistan Constituent Assembly as conditional in the handbills circulated by him. The conditions which were signed by the Nawab of Jogizai, member of the Constituent Assembly, and Sardar Mohammad Usman, Vice-President of the Provincial Muslim League, are as follows:

1. Baluchitan, specially Pathan tracts will be ruled according to Islamic laws.

2. The Pakistan Centre will help Baluchistan with one crore of rupees annually for fifteen years for development purposes as a free gift.

3. Baluchistan will be an autonomous province and the Pakistan Constituent Assembly will accept the constitution framed by Baluchistan.

3 Pakistan will maintain the present standard of administration

5. Baluchistan will have the right to declare itself independent if the above terms are not fulfilled.

The Anjuman Watan, a nationalist organisation, affiliated to the Congress boycotted the referendum.

KRIPALANI'S APPEAL TO PEOPLE OF SYLHET

Expresses Hope That Districts Will Remain Integral Part Of Assam

SYLHET, June 30, (API): The Congress President, Acharya Kripalani, in an appeal to the people of Sylhet on the eve of the referendum has expressed the hope that Sylhet and Cachar will always remain integral parts of Assam.

He says: "Assam has always been free from the poison of communalism which has been imported from outside in more recent times. This is a development which I know has not been welcomed by the Mussalmans of Assam. Both Hindus and Muslims have lived always side by side as good Assamese. The same has been the case with the people of the Surma Valley."

"From the very inception of the province of Assam," the Congress President continues, "Sylhet and Cachar have been integral parts of it and I hope they will always remain so." He has no doubt that this kinship will be reflected in the voting when the referendum take place.

Touching upon the attitude of the Assamese people and of the Government of Assam, the Congress President says they have been well clarified in the recent statement and pronouncements of the Premier of Assam, Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, and whatever doubts the people of Sylhet might have previously had about their rightful place in the province he asks, should now be dispelled.

FLIGHT OF NATIONALIST MUSLIMS

The Secretary and two members of the Working Committee of the All-India Jamiat-Ul-Ulema-Hind, in a statement say that hooliganism and rowdyism created by some people in Sylhet has made it impossible for nationalist Muslim workers to move freely. They add that Sylhet is sure to remain in Assam if voters are allowed to come to the polling centres without being terrified.

The three leaders are Maulana Huhmmd Nayeem, Maulana Hamin Siddiki and Maulana Fakhri. They discussed the situation today with the Home Minister, Mr. Basanta Kumar Das, who assured them that elaborate arrangements had been made for maintaining law and order during the referendum.

President Of Thuringian Parliament Stabbed

HAMBURG, June 30, (Reuter): Herr August Froehlich, of the Thuringian parliament, was wounded when an attempt on his life was made in his office this morning.

A 28-year-old man who gave his name as Andresse was waiting in the President's office ostensibly to hand him a letter. As the President opened the envelope the man pulled a knife from his coat and stabbed the President three times in the arm.

The assailant was overpowered later and handed over to the police. The President is continuing his duties in spite of his injuries. Motive for the attempt is not known.

REPATRIATION PRIVILEGE FOR AMERICANS WHO HAVE LOST CITIZENSHIP

NEW DELHI.—The American Embassy has issued a reminder that persons who have lost their American citizenship by voting in a political election in a foreign state may avail themselves of the privilege of repatriation if this action is taken before August 6, 1947.—USIS.

BIG POWERS SUBMIT FIGURES FOR GLOBAL POLICE FORCE

LAKE SUCCESS, June 30 (U.P.A.): The United States today proposed a United Nations global police force totalling some 300,000 fighting men, along with 3 800 bombers and over 200 warships, including three battleships.

The American estimate, which was the largest prepared by the Big Powers, was submitted to the United Nations Security Council along with the British figures for the overall strength of the proposed United Nations Security Force.

France proposed a force of 18 land divisions—about 230,000 men and an air force of 1,275 planes and a navy of slightly more than 100 warships. The British estimate, smallest of three powers—was 120 fighting ships 1200 airplanes with eight to 12 land divisions comprising about 100,000 men.

Russia the advocate of a small force, told the Council that it was "unable at this time" to submit its etimate on the overall size of the peace-keeping army

China sided with Britain's figures. The three Western countries emphasized that the estimates were tentative, pointing out that the Security Council's sudden request for estimate, left them with too little time to work them differing ideas into a single agreed-upon figure.

The United States, France, Britain and China all said that the figures did not necessarily mean that their respective government were committed to insist on them.

Russia said that it was impossible even to make a preliminary estimate of the forces needed until the Big Five "agree upon what factors should determine the strength and composition of the armed forces." The United States partly acknowledged the validity of the Soviet argument and said, "In presenting its provisional estimate, the United States delegation emphasize that it does not consider that any useful for authoritative estimate of the overall strength can be made by the Military Staff Committee until the Council resolves the divergencies in the general principles."

"Moreover, the figures submitted by the United States delegation are tentative and do not commit the United States Government in any way nor prejudice the United States proposal of opposition to the principle of equality. Members of the United States delegation submitted these figures because of an expressed desire of the majority of the delegations on the Security Council.

The United States naval estimate called for three battleships, six aircraft carriers, 15 cruisers, 84 destroyers and 90 submarines, as well as the assault craft and shipping necessary to support 20 divisions of ground troops.

The United States estimate also called for enough assault shipping—landing craft and the like—to put six divisions ashore at one time. The French proposed enough landing-assault craft for one division and the British suggested enough for about two-thirds of a division.

To the second party of the inquiry sent to them last week by the Security Council the Big Five Admirals and Generals of the Military Staff Committee gave answers which underscored Russia's dispute with the other powers over the kind of forces each Big Power should contribute to the overall force. Russia, while refusing to make an estimate of the strength of the force, said, "the major portion" of whatever forces it is decided to contribute should be contributed on the basis of equality—men for men, ship for ship, plane for plane.

The United States said, "No appreciable fraction" of the force can be contributed on a basis of equality, but that the Big Powers should give according to what they have the most and the best of

Ethridge Lists Greek Recovery Needs

WASHINGTON—Mark Ethridge, U. S. representative on the U. N. Balkan Inquiry Commission, feels that the rehabilitation of Greece requires the sealing of the Greek border, an effective amnesty to Greek guerrilla forces, and the economic aid planned by the United States.

He told reporters on Thursday that he hopes that the civil strife in Greece can be ended "on generous terms" and said that a neutral body like the United Nations would be necessary to gain the confidence of both sides regarding an amnesty.

Ethridge's comments followed a conference with Secretary of State Marshall on the Inquiry Commission's work. He said Marshall did not express an opinion "either way" on the work of the Inquiry Commission.—USIS.

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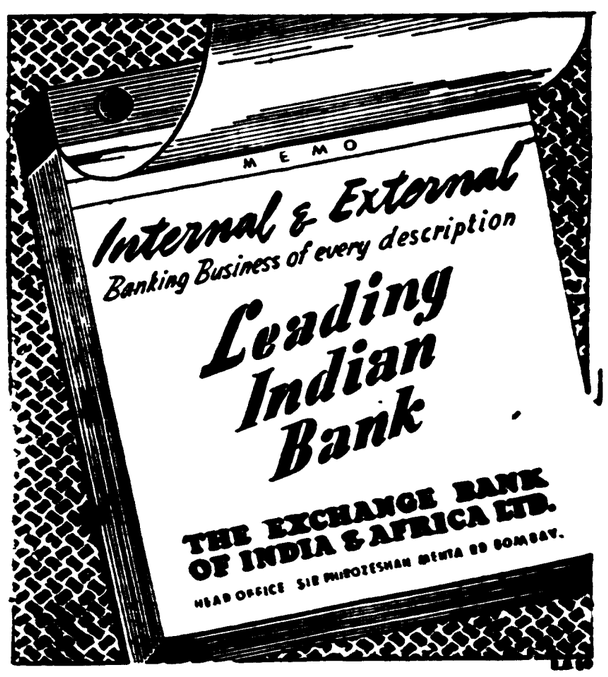
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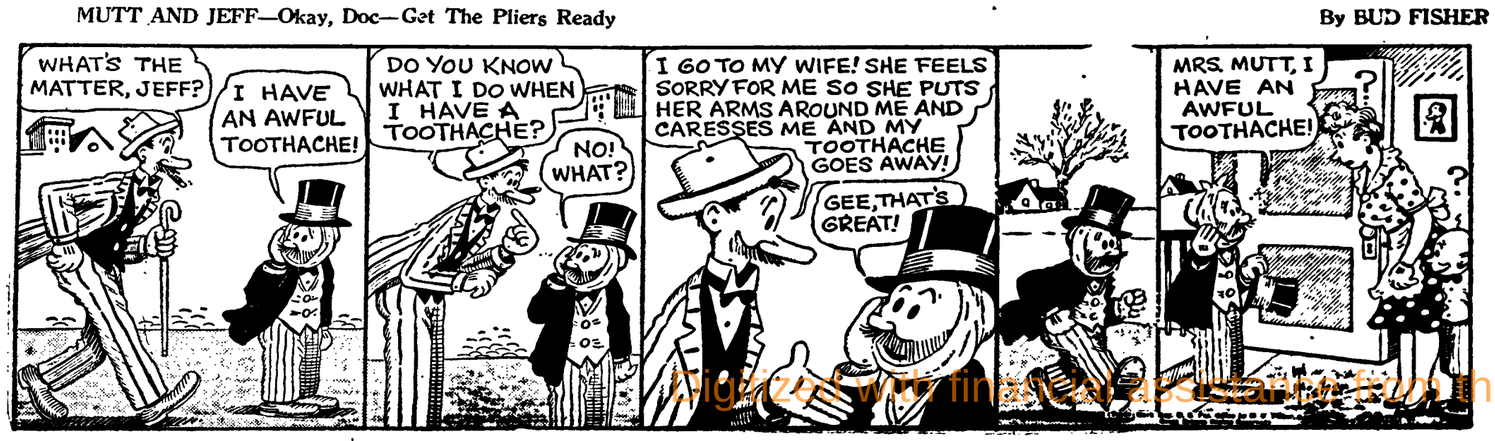
MUTT AND JEFF—Okay, Doc—Get The Pliers Ready — By BUD FISHER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I HAVE AN AWFUL TOOTHACHE!
DO YOU KNOW WHAT I DO WHEN I HAVE A TOOTHACHE?
NO! WHAT?
I GO TO MY WIFE! SHE FEELS SORRY FOR ME SO SHE PUTS HER ARMS AROUND ME AND CARESSES ME AND MY TOOTHACHE GOES AWAY!
GEE, THAT'S GREAT!
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SEALED TENDERS are invited for the sale of various types of English, German and American Cameras and Camera Lenses, located at C.K.S. Central Depot, Sewri, Bombay.

Tender forms, containing details of the stores, and permits to view, can be obtained, on payment of Rs. 5|-, from the Directorate General of Disposals, MMH Directorate, New Delhi, or from Regional Disposals Offices at Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Lahore, Madras and Karachi.

Tenders should be superscribed "DGD SR-51623-24|EG12", and addressed to the Director General of Disposals, MMH Directorate, New Delhi.

LAST DATE FOR SUBMISSION OF TENDERS: 15th July, 1947.

OFFERS TO REMAIN OPEN FOR ACCEPTANCE: Till 15th August, 1947.

EARNEST MONEY: 10% of price offered should be deposited in Imperial Reserve Bank|Government Treasury in favour of the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, and the Receipt attached to the Tender.

All sales are subject to the conditions of sale as laid down in Form Con. 117 attached to the Tender form.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(4202)

"D. D. T."

WE INVITE OFFERS for Indents Of D. D. T. For Prompt Shipment From U. S. A.

Parties Interested May Please Contact P. B. No. 256 Bombay.

4109

R. A. PODAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE & ECONOMICS, Matunga, Bombay 19.

FIRST R. A CLASSES

ADMISSION to the First R. A. Class open up to 10th July, 1947. Lectures shall start from the 1st July, 1947. Apply to the Principal. 4212

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY. NOTICE.

RECRUITMENT TO CLERICAL AND OTHER SUBORDINATE SERVICES.

APPLICATIONS on prescribed forms are invited from persons who are natives of the Province of Bombay for selection for recruitment to clerical and other subordinate Municipal services.

Scale of pay—Rs. 70-6-160-E.B.-8-200-10-220.

Start of Rs. 80/- to pass graduates and Rs 90/- to Honours, second class and double graduates, plus Rs. 26/- D.A. or 17 1/2 per cent of the salary whichever is greater.

QUALIFICATIONS—Degree Examination of the Bombay University or any Examination considered equivalent to it by the University of Bombay.

AGE LIMIT—Between 18 and 25 years (Backward communities between 18 and 28 years) on MONDAY, the 7th JULY, 1947.

On passing departmental examinations for the Head Clerks' and the Deputy Superintendents' posts (Assessment Department), the Clerical and Inspectorial Staff can get promotions in higher grades as follows:—

Head Clerks—Rs. 200-10-260 plus D.A.

Chief Clerks—Rs. 260-15-320 plus D.A.

Deputy Superintendents (Assessment Department) Grades under revision at present.

Superintendents (Assessment Department) Grades under revision at present.

Applications should reach the Municipal Commissioner's Office on or before Monday the 7th July, 1947.

Application forms can be had from the Municipal Commissioner's Office on payment of annas eight, between 11 A.M. and 2 P.M. (B.T.) on week days and between 10-30 A.M. and 12 noon (B.T.) on Saturdays Application forms will be sent by post if annas nine and pies six only are received by Money Order.

Once the application form has been purchased the cost thereof will not be refunded.

Persons in Government or other employ should submit their applications through their respective superiors.

B. K. PATEL, Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay. Dated 17th June, 1947. 4077

PROPERTIES WANTED

Wanted to purchase a Building in Matunga. Crown Watch Co., Phone: 21692. (6381)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Earn Rs. 300 p.m. Sambhar Suede Leather selling Scheme with sample Rs. 5. Guaranteed refund if unapproved. Modern Tannery, Mhow. (6355)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by an Agreement of Sale, dated the 23rd day of June, 1947, Ramchandra Keshav of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has agreed to sell to the undersigned Nuruddin Abdulhusein of Bombay Dawcodi Borah Muslim Inhabitant, all that the Litho Press known as Ramodaya Litho Works, situate in Nana's Chowk at Gowalia Tank Road in Bombay, together with Machinery Litho Stones, Stock, furniture, Fixtures and Goodwill of the said Press. The public is hereby warned against having any dealing with the said Ramchandra Keshav or any other person in respect of the said Ramodaya Litho Works or any of its Machinery Stones, Stock, Furniture, Fixtures and Goodwill whether by way of sale, mortgage, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever. Anyone disregarding this notice will do so at his own risk.

NURUDDIN ABDULHUSEIN, 66, Sutar Chawl, Bombay 2. Dated this 30th day of June 1947 6378

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS INVITED from British subjects of Indian domicile or descent and subjects of Indian States for a temporary post of Deputy Agricultural Production Adviser (Seeds), Agriculture Department. Women eligible. PAY: Rs. 600-40-1,000, liable to revision in the light of Central Pay Commission's report and Government's decision thereon. Higher initial salary to specially qualified and experienced candidate. AGE Preferably not over 57 (60 for Scheduled Caste candidates). QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL—At least 10 years experience in a responsible gazetted administrative position in an agricultural department, preferably as Deputy Director of Agriculture. DESIRABLE—Special knowledge and experience of the production and distribution of seeds. A retired Deputy Director of Agriculture preferred. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Simla. Closing date for applications with a treasury receipt for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 26th July 1947. Candidates outside India are not required to pay the application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available and those in the Forces may send a money order or postal order in payment of their application fee, if it is difficult for them to obtain a Treasury Receipt. Cheques will not be accepted. 4243

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATION INVITED from British subjects of Indian domicile or descent and subjects of Indian States for a permanent post of Officer-Incharge, Poultry Research Section, Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar. PAY: Rs. 275-300-325-25-650 (E.B.)-35-1,000 plus a special pay of Rs. 150 P.M. Higher initial pay for a direct recruit in view of his age, qualifications and experience. Age: Preferably between 30 and 45 years (Upper limit 48 for Scheduled Caste candidates). Limits relaxable for persons already in Government service. QUALIFICATIONS:—(i) M.R.C.V.S. or a degree in Science preferably with Veterinary qualifications. (ii) Good general knowledge and experience of poultry industry, preferably both in the field and on the laboratory side. (iii) Sound knowledge of research methods. (iv) Administrative ability and experience. (v) Capacity to impart post-graduate training. (vi) Ability to plan, organise and supervise the work of a section. Other things being equal, a "War Service" candidate will be preferred. Such candidates, OTHER THAN THOSE IN THE ARMED FORCES, must submit an original certificate that they have rendered "War Service." Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Simla. Closing date for receipt of applications with treasury receipt for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 9th August, 1947. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms are not available. Candidates in the Forces may send a Money Order or Postal Order in payment of the application fee if it is difficult for them to obtain a treasury receipt. CHEQUES WILL NOT ACCEPTED. 4244

CALCUTTA TELEPHONE DISTRICT

VACANCIES exist for female Telephone Operators in the Calcutta Telephone District.

QUALIFICATIONS: AGE 16 to 20 years (unmarried).

EDUCATION VII Standard or Matriculation.

HEIGHT 5 ft. 1 inch. (minimum).

SALARY: Rs. 40|- per month, during the period of training, which is about a month. Rs. 70|- per month Basic Pay, when appointed for full time duty, in the scale of Rs. 70-10-140 + other allowances. Lunches supplied, free medical attention.

Application should be made to the General Manager, Telephones, Calcutta District, 8, Hare Street, Calcutta.

No travelling allowances are paid for by this District. (6234)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

WE THE UNDERSIGNED, being the only partners of the firm of Bhukhan Das Brij Gopal, Bombay Branch, have dissolved the said partnership from Samvant 2001 Kartik Sud 1st, and Mr. Brij Gopal continues to be the sole owner of the firm and as such he and not Natwarlal Dwarka Das, the retiring partner shall receive and make payment of all the dues of and to the firm, or be entitled to or responsible for many assets or liabilities or legal rights and liabilities of the firm from that date.

BRIJGOPAL. Firm: Bhukhandas, Brijgopal, Bombay Branch.

NATVERLAL DWARKADAS, Retiring Partner.

14-6-47. (6366)

NOTICE

AS FROM THE 1ST JULY, 1947, the current Official Price of "SHELL" and "B.O.C." Petrol in Bombay Island and Suburbs has been INCREASED to Rs. 1 9 6 per gallon ex pump and Rs. 1 10 6 per gallon in sealed cans. These prices are exclusive of the Sales Tax imposed by the Bombay Provincial Government. (4234)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHIRINBAI, wife of Mahomed Shareef Allarakhia has contracted to sell to our client the property more particularly described in the Schedule hereunder written which she has agreed to purchase from Bai Maryambai widow of Ismail Dada Deoraj.

All persons having any right, title, interest, or claim whatsoever in to or against the said property are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such interest right, title and claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:

ALL that piece or parcel of land, being Plot No. 79 of the West Agripada Estate formerly of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay and now of the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay, together with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate lying and being at Motlibai Street, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1052 Square Yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3527 (part) Cadastral Survey No. 3,1634 of Byculla Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 13 (E) Ward No. 4146 (3), Old Street No. 79 and present Street No. 30 which said premises are known as Mariam Villa and were formerly and now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor's vendor the said Bai Mariambai.

Dated this 27th day of June, 1947. CAPTAIN & VAIDYA, Purchasers Attorneys. (4235)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

Petition No. 285 of 1947.

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of Bai JASUD alias SUNDERBAI, wife of Ratilal Sarabhai Jhaveri of Bombay Jain Inhabitant, carrying on business under the name and style of P. S. Brothers at Northbrook Street, outside the Fort and residing at the time of her death at 4, Chowpatty Road outside the Fort of Bombay. .. Deceased.

RATILAL SARABHAI JHAVERI, of Bombay Jain Inhabitant, residing at 4, Chowpatty Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, the sole Executor named in the Will of the deceased abovenamed. .... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 21st day of June in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty seven and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA, Prothonotary & Senior Master.

G. V. DALVI, Sealer

Messrs. SHAH AND CHINUBHAI, Petitioner's Attorneys.

The 21st day of June, 1947. (4246)

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RLY.

TENDER NOTICE NO. TLP 15

TENDERS ARE INVITED on the prescribed form No. G. S. 203 for the purchasing of the following.

	Commodity	Quantity required in B.Mds. for: Bonad	Goadra
1.	Groundnut oil.	700	300
2.	Til oil	100	—
3.	Red chillies	150	30
4.	Potatoes	500	100
5.	Masoor dal	500	—
6.	Masoor whole	60	—
7.	Barley	1,000	400

Tenders closing on 5-7-47 at 12-00 Hrs. in the office of the Asstt Controller of Rly. Grainshops Freelandgunj, Dohad.

Tender forms and terms can be had from the office of the Asstt. Controller Grainshop Department, Freelandgunj Dohad, on application.

Delivery of half quantity of items 1, 2 & 3, 5 & 6 to be made immediately within two days and the balance after a week. Item-4, 125 B.Mds. at Dohad and 40 B. Mds. at Godhra to be supplied within two days and the balance as and when required

ASSTT. CONTROLLER, GRAINSHOPS, DOHAD. (4247)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. FRAMROZE EDULJI COOPER, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has agreed to sell to our clients Messrs. V. P. BEDEKAR AND SONS, LIMITED, the undermentioned property agreed to be purchased by him from Mr. NAVNITLAL CHHOTALAL GANDHI.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:-

All that piece or parcel of vacant freehold land or ground being Plot Nos. 14, 15, 16 and 17 of the Private Scheme known as Javerbaug Estate Scheme sanctioned by the Municipality of Bombay, bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 2073, 2074, 2075 and 2076 of Mahim Division, admeasuring about 1560 Square Yards and being a portion of a large piece of land admeasuring about 13400 Square Yards situate, lying and being at Mahim Bazar Cross Road, Extension of Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue being part of New Survey Nos. 3, 5, 6 and 9 being part of Old Cadastral Survey No. 763 of Mahim Division and part of whole piece assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 5725 (1), 5725 (1aa), 5725 (2), 5725 (3), 5725 (1ab), 5726 (1), 5726 (2), 5726 (3), 5726 (4) and 5727 and Street Nos. 201, 33 C, 23 B 201 B, 23 A, 19 and 23 A, 33, 33 A, 33 B and 203 and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Vincent Anthony Fernandes, on or towards the West by the Moghul Lane Street, on or towards the North by Mahim Bazar Cross Street and on or towards the South by the said Moghul Lane Street.

Dated this 30th day of June, 1947. B. G. PANDIT & CO., Purchasers' Attorneys. (4242)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF MISC. GOODS

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner, Bombay, M/s. BENNETT & CO. will on TUESDAY, 8th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by public auction at Municipal Sankli Street Office:—Iron beams, buckets, iron goods, drums, benches, chairs, stools, mirrors, khokas, Mochi's goods, cots, etc. Terms: Cash.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from M/s. Dayalji & Dipchand, Attorneys for the Vendor, Mr. Dwarkadas Vithaldas, M/s. BENNETT & CO will on FRIDAY, 18th July, 1947 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public auction on the premises.

Pension and Tax land (no... deemed) with dwelling house at Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, about 96, sq. yards, bearing Municipal St. Nos. 174-176, Cadastral Survey No. 1684 of Bhuleshwar Division and bounded on the East by Kalbadevi Road, on the West by the sweeper's passage, on the South by the house of Sha Nagindas Marphatia Vakeel and on the North by the house of Gordhandas Jadusha.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the abovementionel Solicitors at their Office at Fort Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned

BENNETT & CO.

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT. O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 2351 of 1946

RAMCHAND BHIKCHAND ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

DAGDULAL DHANNALAL ..... Defendant.

To, DAGDULAL DHANNALAL Esq. The defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the abovenamed plaintiff has filed the above suit against you praying that you may be ordered to carry out your agreement by paying the decretal amount of the decree in suit No. 506 of 1943 to the decree holder together with all the claims arising thereunder such as the costs of the execution proceedings to procure a release of the plaintiffs liability under the said decree and get the attachment on the plaintiff's house and field raised, that in the alternative you may be ordered and decreed to pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. 3,968-2-0 or such other sum as may be found due under the said decree together with the amount of the costs of execution payable to the decree holder and interest at the rate of 6% per annum on Rs. 3,282 from 26th November 1943 till judgment in order to enable the plaintiff to pay the same in satisfaction of the said decree or such other amount as to this Hon'ble Court seem just and proper and for costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 4% p.a. till payment, and for further and other reliefs. You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 22nd day of July, 1947 at 11 O'clock (S.T.) in person or by Advocate (O.S.) In default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 16th day of December, 1946.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR, for Prothonotary Senior Master

Messrs. KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 4236

THE FAMOUS ASTROLOGER

Recipient of many Gold Medals & Certificates from Maharajas, Judges and notables Annual life reading monthly details Rs 5 3 questions Re 1 (Horoscope or writing time required) Pandit Kaliyur M. SRINIVASA ACHARIAR. Chandrika 2-B, Eldams Road, Teynampet, P. O., Madras.

R-C. TECHNICAL INSTITUTE. AHMEDABAD

Few vacancies are left in every branch of the newly started DIPLOMA Courses. Candidates who have passed the Matriculation Examination should see the undersigned immediately, in person with term fees, in cash

T. A. DESAI, Principal.

23-6-47

FLY— KASHMIR

Seats available Chartered Dakota from Bombay about 8th July & at interval throughout season.

Return seats available at Rs. 550/-

60 lbs. free baggage

KANJI JADHAVJEE & CO.,

Phone: 25744, 22494 Mandvi, Bombay.

PILES Cured

Pilon (an ... ...) for PILES) stops bleeding pain and soreness in 4 days. Effects complete cure in 15 days. Price Rs. 6/8/- at all leading chemists.

PILON—A PRODUCT OF MAYEN (LONDON). LTD

Sole Agents. INTERCONTINENTAL PHARMACEUTICALS AGENCY, 1, Noble Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Introducing FOR THE FIRST TIME IN INDIA THE Willys-Overland DUAL-PURPOSE 'Jeep' Station Wagon FOR BUSINESS... FOR PLEASURE

AMERICAN ALL-STEEL BODY
SEATS FOR SEVEN
SEALED-BEAM HEADLIGHTS
AMAZINGLY LOW COST
ABOUT 25 MILES PER GALLON
AND
The all-purpose Universal Jeep
SPECIALLY BUILT
USE IT AS A TRACTOR
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USE IT AS A TRUCK
USE IT AS A RUNABOUT
By the courtesy of MAHINDRA & MOHAMMED LTD.
DELIVERY AVAILABLE FROM SHIPMENT EXPECTED 15th AUGUST. ORDERS BOOKED STRICTLY ON PRIORITY AGAINST PAYMENT. SPARE PARTS AVAILABLE.

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KHADI PRATISTHAN, 5, COLLEGE SQ., CALCUTTA.

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